

# **Building On Our Experience**



Annual Report **2016** 



## **CONTENTS**

Notice of Annual General Meeting	2 - 4
Statement Accompanying Notice of Annual General Meeting	5 - 6
Corporate Information	7
Corporate Structure	8
Group Financial Highlights	9
Management Discussion & Analysis	10 - 13
Profile of Board of Directors	14 - 17
Key Senior Management Team	18
Statement of Corporate Governance	19 - 25
Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control	26 - 27
Audit Committee Report	28 - 29
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	30
Additional Compliance Information	31
Corporate Social Responsibility Statement	31
Directors' Report	33 - 37
Statutory Declaration	38
Statement by Directors	38
Independent Auditors' Report	39 - 42
Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	43
Statements of Financial Position	44 - 45
Statements of Changes in Equity	46 - 47
Statements of Cash Flows	48 - 51
Notes to the Financial Statements	52 - 103
Supplementary Information - Breakdown of Retained Earnings into Realised and Unrealised	104
Analysis of Shareholdings	105 - 106
List of Properties	107 - 111
Proxy Form	113

## Notice of Annual General Meeting

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the Twenty Seventh (27th) Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at Bukit Kemuning Golf & Country Resort, Lot 6031, Batu 7, Bukit Kemuning, 42450 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan on Thursday, 15 June 2017, at 11.00 a.m. for the purpose of transacting the following businesses:

#### **AS ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

 To receive and adopt the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

**RESOLUTION 1** 

2. To approve the payment of Directors' Fee and Benefits for the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

**RESOLUTION 2** 

3. To approve the payment of Directors' Fee and Benefits Payable of an amount up to RM150,000.00 for the Company and its subsidiaries for the period from 1 January 2017 until the following Annual General Meeting of the Company.

**RESOLUTION 3** 

4. To re-elect the following Directors who retire in accordance with Article 100 of the Company's Articles of Association:

(a) Datuk Ng Thian Kwee

**RESOLUTION 4** 

(b) Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng

**RESOLUTION 5** 

(c) Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng

**RESOLUTION 6** 

(d) Ooi Hock Guan

RESOLUTION 7

5. To re-elect Messrs. HLB Ler Lum, as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

**RESOLUTION 8** 

#### **AS SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following Ordinary Resolutions:

6. Authority to Allot and Issue Shares pursuant to Section 75 and Section 76 of the Companies Act, 2016:

"THAT subject always to the Companies Act, 2016, the Articles of Association of the Company and the approvals of the relevant governmental/regulatory authorities, the Directors be and are hereby empowered, pursuant to Section 75 and Section 76 of the Companies Act, 2016 to issue shares in the Company from time to time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may deem fit provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting."

**RESOLUTION 9** 

7. Proposed Renewal of Authority to Purchase Its Own Shares:

"THAT subject always to the Companies Act, 2016, the provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, the Listing Requirements of the Bursa Securities and all other applicable laws, guidelines, rules and regulations, the Company be and is hereby authorised, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to purchase such amount of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in the Company as may be determined by the Directors of the Company from time to time through the Bursa Securities upon such terms and conditions as the Directors may deem fit and expedient in the interest of the Company provided that:

- the maximum number of shares which may be purchased by the Company shall not exceed ten per cent (10%) of the total issued share capital of the Company at any point of time;
- (b) the maximum fund to be allocated by the Company in relation to the Proposed Share Buy-Back shall not exceed the retained profits of the Company based on the latest audited financial statements available up to the date of a transaction under the Proposed Share Buy-Back;
- (c) the authority conferred by this resolution will be effective upon passing of this resolution and will continue in force until:

## Notice of Annual General Meeting (Cont'd)

#### AS SPECIAL BUSINESS (CONT'D):

- 7. Proposed Renewal of Authority to Purchase Its Own Shares (Cont'd):
  - the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company, at which time the authority shall lapse unless by an ordinary resolution passed at that meeting, the authority is renewed, either unconditionally or subject to conditions; or
  - (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM of the Company is required by law to be held; or
  - (iii) revoked or varied by ordinary resolution passed by shareholders in general meeting, whichever occurs first;
  - (d) upon completion of the purchase(s) of the shares by the Company, the shares shall be dealt with in the following manner:
    - (i) to cancel the shares so purchased;
    - (ii) to retain the shares so purchased as Treasury Shares;
    - (iii) to distribute the Treasury Shares as dividends to shareholders;
    - (iv) to resell the Treasury Shares on Bursa Securities in accordance with the relevant rules of Bursa Securities; and
    - (v) any combination of the above (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv).

AND THAT authority be and is hereby given unconditionally to the Directors of the Company to take all such steps as are necessary or expedient (including without limitation, the opening and maintaining of central depository account(s) under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, and the entering into of all other agreements, arrangements and guarantees with any party or parties) to implement, finalise and give full effect to the aforesaid purchase(s) with full powers to assent to any conditions, modifications, revaluations, variations and/or amendments (if any) as may be imposed by the relevant authorities and to deal with all matters relating thereto and take all steps and do all acts and things in any manner as they may deem necessary in connection with the Proposed Share Buy-Back in the interest of the Company."

**RESOLUTION 10** 

- 8. Continuing in office as Independent and Non-Executive Director of the Company in accordance with the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012.:
  - (a) Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum

**RESOLUTION 11** 

(b) Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah

**RESOLUTION 12** 

(c) Tan Jiu See

**RESOLUTION 13** 

9. To transact any other business of which due notice shall been given.

#### BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

#### **BERNARD LIM BOON SIANG**

Secretary (MACS 01153)

Klang 28 April 2017

## Notice of Annual General Meeting (Cont'd)

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2. In the case of a corporate member, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be under its Common Seal or under the hand of its attorney.
- 3. Where a member appoints more than one proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his holdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 4. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 5. The instrument appointing the proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at No 36A, Lorong Gelugor, Off Persiaran Sultan Ibrahim, 41300 Klang, Selangor Darul Ehsan, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjournment thereof.
- 6. Only members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors as at 8 June 2017 will be entitled to attend and vote at the meeting.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES ON SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

- 7. Ordinary Resolution 9, is proposed pursuant to Section 75 and Section 76 of the Companies Act, 2016 and if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company, from the date of the above general meeting, authority to issue and allot shares from the unissued capital of the Company for such purposes as the directors may deem fit and in the interest of the Company. This authority, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.
  - The general mandate for issuance of shares is a renewal to a general meeting mandate sought in the preceding year. As at the date of this Notice, no new shares in the Company were issued pursuant to the mandate granted to the Directors at the Twenty Sixth (26<sup>th</sup>) AGM held on 23 June 2016 and hence no proceeds were raised there from. The renewal of the general mandate is to provide flexibility to the Company to issue new shares without the need to convene separate general meeting to obtain its shareholders' approval so as to avoid incurring additional cost and time. The purpose of this general mandate is for possible fund raising exercises including but not limited to further placement of shares for purpose of funding current and/or future investment, projects, working capital and/or acquisitions.
- 8. Ordinary Resolution 10, if passed, will renew the authority for the Company to buy back its own shares. The authority shall continue to be in force until the next Annual General Meeting of the Company unless earlier revoked or varied by ordinary resolution of the Company in a general meeting and is subject to annual renewal. Further information on this resolution is set out in the Proposed Renewal of the Share Buy-Back Statement dated 28 April 2017, which is sent out together with the Company's 2016 Annual Report.
- 9. Ordinary Resolution 11, if passed, will allow the Independent and Non-Executive Director to be retained. The Board of Directors has via the Nomination Committee conducted an annual performance evaluation and assessment of Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director since 1 March 2000 and has reached the nine years term limit on 1 March 2009. Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum has met the independence guidelines as set out in Chapter 1 of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements and the Board considers him to be independent and believes that he should be re-appointed and retained as Independent and Non-Executive Director, in particular his experience and contributions to the Board.
- 10. Ordinary Resolution 12, if passed, will allow the Independent and Non-Executive Director to be retained. The Board of Directors has via the Nomination Committee conducted an annual performance evaluation and assessment of Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director since 9 September 2000 and has reached the nine years term limit on 9 September 2009. Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah has met the independence guidelines as set out in Chapter 1 of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements and the Board considers him to be independent and believes that he should be re-appointed and retained as Independent and Non-Executive Director, in particular his experience and contributions to the Board.
- 11. Ordinary Resolution 13, if passed, will allow the Independent and Non-Executive Director to be retained. The Board of Directors has via the Nomination Committee conducted an annual performance evaluation and assessment of Tan Jiu See who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director since 20 July 2004 and has reached the nine years term limit on 20 July 2013. Tan Jiu See has met the independence guidelines as set out in Chapter 1 of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements and the Board considers her to be independent and believes that she should be re-appointed and retained as Independent and Non-Executive Director, in particular her experience and contributions to the Board.

## Statement Accompanying Notice of Annual General Meeting

#### **DIRECTORS WHO ARE STANDING FOR RE-ELECTION**

The Directors who are offering themselves for re-election at the Twenty Seventh (27th) Annual General Meeting of the Company are as follows:

- Datuk Ng Thian Kwee, a Director retiring under provision of Article 100 of the Articles of Association of the Company.
- Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng, a Director retiring under the provision of Article 100 of the Articles of Association of the Company.
- Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng, a Director retiring under the provision of Article 100 of the Articles of Association of the Company.
- · Ooi Hock Guan, a Director retiring under the provision of Article 100 of the Articles of Association of the Company.

#### **DETAIL OF BOARD MEETING AND ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTORS**

A total of five (5) Board Meetings were held at Conference Room, Lot 3, Jalan Lada Sulah 16/11, Section 16, 40000 Shah Alam during the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

All Directors have complied with the minimum attendance at Board Meetings as stipulated in the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements during the financial year.

The attendance of each Director is as follows:

Name of Directors	No. of meeting attended/held	Percentage of Attendance (%)
Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock	5/5	100%
Dato' Setia Abdul Halim Bin Dato' Haji Abdul Rauf	5/5	100%
Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng	5/5	100%
Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo	5/5	100%
Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum	4/5	80%
Datuk Ng Thian Kwee	4/5	80%
Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah	4/5	80%
Tan Jiu See	5/5	100%
Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong	5/5	100%
Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng	4/5	80%
Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng	5/5	100%
Ooi Hock Guan	5/5	100%

#### STATEMENT RELATING TO GENERAL MANDATE FOR ISSUE OF SECURITIES

Details of the general mandate to issue securities in the Company pursuant to Section 75 and Section 76 of the Companies Act, 2016 are set out in the Explanatory Notes of the Notice of Annual General Meeting on page 4.

## Statement Accompanying Notice of Annual General Meeting (Cont'd)

#### **DETAILS ON DIRECTORS WHO ARE STANDING FOR RE-ELECTION**

#### **Particulars of Directors:**

#### **Datuk Ng Thian Kwee**

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Non-Independent and Executive Director

Age: 55

Appointed Date: 22 November 1994

Datuk Ng Thian Kwee holds an Honours Degree in Bachelor of Science (Engineering) and Master Degree in Construction, both from United Kingdom. He has vast experience in handling development and construction projects. At present, he oversees the development and construction operations of the Group. Datuk Ng does not have any interest in the securities of the Company. He is the brother of Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock and uncle of Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong, Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng.

#### **Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng**

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Non-Independent and Executive Director

Age: 36

Appointed Date: 20 July 2004

Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng holds a Bachelor of Commerce Degree majoring in Finance and Marketing with a minor in Business Law, from University of Western Australia. Prior to his appointment as Executive Director, he was the General Manager of the Group. At present, he oversees the sales and marketing operations of the Group. Mr. Steven Ng is a substantial shareholder of the Company by virtue of his parents' shareholdings. He is also the son of Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock and Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo, brother of Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong and Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng and nephew of Datuk Ng Thian Kwee.

#### **Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng**

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Non-Independent and Executive Director

Aae: 31

Appointed Date: 15 September 2008

Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng graduated with double degrees majoring in Accounting and Law from Murdoch University, Western Australia in 2008. Mr. Malcolm Ng was appointed to the Board of Hil Industries Berhad ("Hil") on 8 September 2008. After graduating, he had spent a brief period in MIMB Investment Bank Bhd before joining the Group. Currently, he oversees the finance and accounting operations of the Group. Mr. Malcolm Ng is a substantial shareholder of the Company by virtue of his parents' shareholdings. He is the son of Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock and Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo, brother of Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong and Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and nephew of Datuk Ng Thian Kwee.

#### Ooi Hock Guan

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Independent and Non-Executive Directors

Age: 51

Appointed Date: 26 February 2009

Mr. Ooi Hock Guan holds a degree in Economics from the University of Leicester, United Kingdom and is a Professional Member of the Institute of Internal Auditors Malaysia. After graduating, he has spend a total of 14 years with Royal Selangor Pewter and GCH Retail (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. (Giant Hypermarket) specializing in Internal Audit and Finance before joining the Group. He is a member of the Audit Committee of the Company. Mr. Ooi was appointed to the Board of Hil on 26 February 2009 as an Independent Director. He is also a member of Audit Committee of Hil. Mr. Ooi does not have any interest in the securities of the Company, neither does he have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company.

## **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock (Chairman)

Dato' Setia Abdul Halim Bin Dato' Haji Abdul Rauf (Deputy Chairman)

Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng (Managing Director)

Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo (Executive Director)

Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum (Independent Non - Executive Director)

Datuk Ng Thian Kwee (Executive Director)

Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah (Independent Non - Executive Director)

Tan Jiu See (Independent Non - Executive Director)

Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong (Executive Director)

Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng (Executive Director)

Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng (Executive Director)

Ooi Hock Guan (Independent Non - Executive Director)

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum (Chairman)

Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah

Ooi Hock Guan

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum (Chairman)

Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah

Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum (Chairman)

Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah

Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng

#### **COMPANY SECRETARIES**

Bernard Lim Boon Siang (MACS 01153)

Teoh Yar Ley (MIA 29224)

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

PHK Management Services Sdn Bhd No 36A, Lorong Gelugor, Off Persiaran Sultan Ibrahim, 41300 Klang, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

Tel: +603-3343 8148 Fax: +603-3341 4426

#### **BUSINESS OFFICE**

10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Menara A & M, Garden Business Centre, No. 3, Jalan Istana, 41000 Klang, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

Tel: +603-3373 2888 Fax: +603-3372 8858

#### **REGISTRAR**

Tricor Investor & Issuing House Services Sdn Bhd Unit 32-01, Level 32, Tower A, Vertical Business Suite, Avenue 3, Bangsar South, No. 8, Jalan Kerinchi, 59200 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel:+603-2783 9299 Fax:+603-2783 9222

Tricor's Customer Service Centre Unit G-3, Ground Floor, Vertical Podium, Avenue 3, Bangsar South, No. 8, Jalan Kerinchi, 59200 Kuala Lumpur.

#### **AUDITORS**

HLB Ler Lum, Chartered Accountant, A Member of HLB International

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

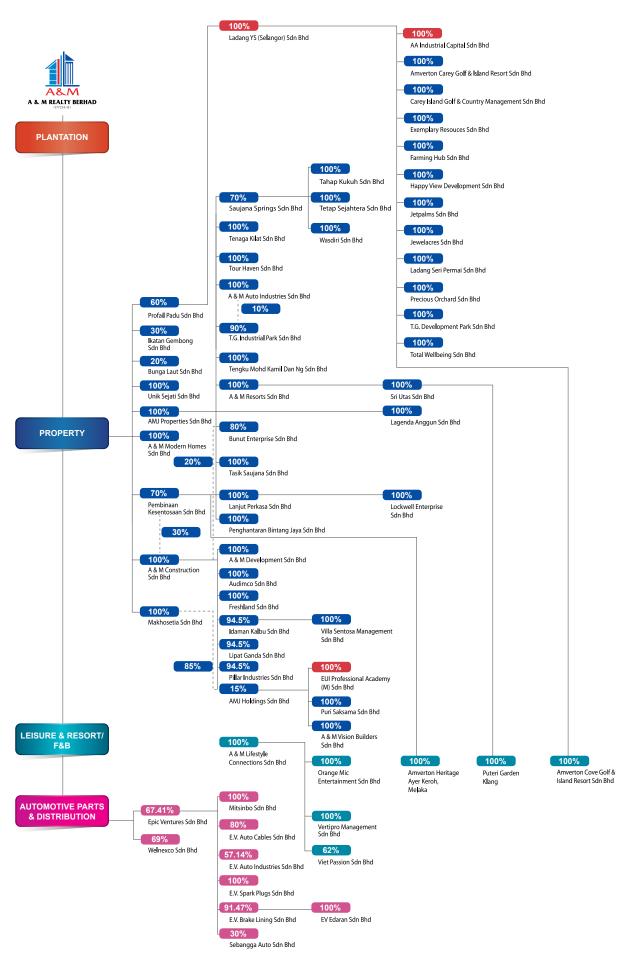
OCBC Bank (Malaysia) Berhad United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Malayan Banking Berhad CIMB Bank Berhad

#### STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Market of Bursa Malaysia

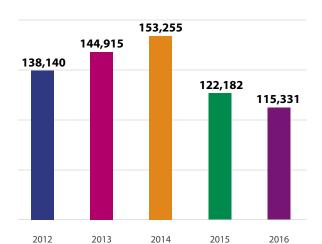
Securities Berhad
Stock Name: A&M
Stock Code: 5959
Sector: Properties
Listing Date: 20 January 1995

## Corporate Structure

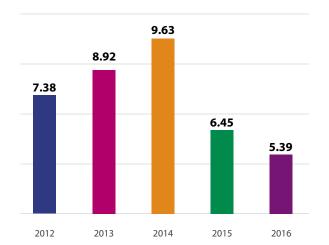


## Group Financial Highlights

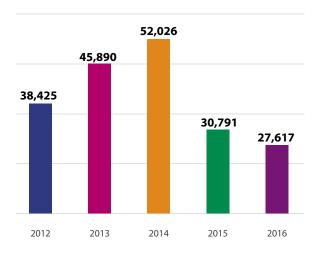
## Turnover (RM'000)



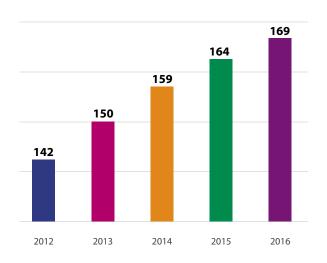
## **Net Earnings Per Share (Sen)**



**Profit Before Tax (RM'000)** 



## **Net Assets Per Share (Sen)**



Financial year ended 31st December	2012 (RM'000)	2013 (RM'000)	2014 (RM'000)	2015 (RM'000)	2016 (RM'000)
Turnover	138,140	144,915	153,255	122,182	115,331
Profit before tax	38,425	45,890	52,026	30,791	27,617
Profit after tax attributable to owners of the Company	26,949	32,556	35,148	23,536	19,682
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	516,744	549,300	578,937	596,997	616,679

Financial year ended 31st December	2012 (Sen)	2013 (Sen)	2014 (Sen)	2015 (Sen)	2016 (Sen)
Net earnings per share	7.38	8.92	9.63	6.45	5.39
Dividend per share	0.00	0.00	1.50	1.50	0.00
Net assets per share	142	150	159	164	169

## Management Discussion & Analysis

#### **GROUP BUSINESS AND OPERATION OVERVIEW**

A & M Realty Berhad ("A & M" or "the Group") is an investment holding company listed on the Malaysian Stock Exchange on 20 January 1995. From its core business of property development and construction, the Group's business activities have since diversified and expanded to include hotels and resorts, plantations as well as the distribution of automotive parts and accessories.

#### **Property Development & Construction Division**

A & M Group - A Developer of Substance

A &M is a reputable and established public listed company with core interests in property development and property management. Since its inception in 1978, A & M has continued to develop properties and townships spanning over prime land bank primarily in the Klang Valley region. The units developed are estimated to be worth around RM1 billion including residential, commercial as well as industrial properties.

The group continues to build on its experience, incorporating modern concepts and innovative ideas to produce quality and affordable properties in good locations. The group strives to deliver these properties in a timely manner and with the upmost emphasis on quality and customer service.

#### **Leisure & Resort Division**

The Group's hotel and leisure division has now expanded to include Amverton Cove Golf & Island Resort, located in Carey Island, Amverton Heritage (formerly known as Puteri Resort) in Ayer Keroh, Melaka, and a boutique business hotel, Puteri Garden, located right in the center of Bandar Di Raja Klang.

Amverton Cove Golf & Island Resort Hotel, Carey Island, is the Group's latest addition to its Leisure & Resort division. It commenced operations in 2013 and has since won numerous awards including Best New Golf Course 2013 and Friendliest Golf Course 2016. Besides sporting an award winning 18-hole golf course, Amverton Cove also has 45 rooms and 19 villas to accommodate golfers and international guests alike. The group is currently expanding its facilities which already now includes team-building and corporate activities, fishing, archery, ATV rides, water sports, international level paint-ball and many more.

Amverton Heritage is located in Ayer Keroh, Melaka, a growing destination for local & foreign tourism. It boasts 228 rooms and offers the perfect venue for corporate teambuilding, seminars or just a peaceful getaway from the hustle & bustle of city life while offering historical excursion around the famous city of Melaka. The resort is currently undergoing its final stages of refurbishment to further meet the current and future market trends.

Puteri Garden in Klang Town is strategically located in Jalan Istana, Klang where it is designed to deliver a modern yet relaxed business environment for its occupants.

#### **Agricultural & Plantation Division**

The Group's plantation land bank is located in Selangor. Core activities in this sector include the planting and harvesting of oil palm. The Group has recently embarked into growing edible produce such as vegetables and fruits, as part of its Corporate Social Responsibility program with emphasis on promoting healthier living.

#### **Automotive Parts & Distribution Division**

Epic Ventures Sdn Bhd, 67.41% of which is held by A & M, is one of the leading distributors of automotive parts and components for the service maintenance and after-sales automotive replacement market. Some of its product line-up includes spark plugs, timing kit sets, automotive belts, filters, accessories, brake linings and lubricants. Epic ventures now has a distribution network of more than 1000 dealers throughout Malaysia.

Besides its own in-house brand Mitsinbo, Epic now represents many international as well as local brands such as NGK, Gates belts, Union Japan Filters, Philips, Nikko horns and Hardex. It is also an appointed stockiest to distribute original equipment ("OE") parts to the replacement markets for both Proton and Perodua. Epic Ventures has also been the recipient of numerous awards of excellence, the latest being "Perodua's Most Improved Stockist" award in 2016.

#### **ECONOMIC OVERVIEW**

The Malaysian economy as a whole grew at a slower pace of 4.2%, as compared with 5% growth experienced in 2015. The fourth quarter of 2016 however, showed expansion of 4.5%, which was slightly higher than the expected growth rate of 4.4%. Moving forward, Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) has stated that the global economy is expected to improve albeit at a slower pace. Despite the challenging external environment, the Malaysian economy should experience sustained growth, driven primarily by domestic demand.

## Management Discussion & Analysis (Cont'd)

#### **ECONOMIC OVERVIEW (CONT'D)**

All relevant segments for the Group showed positive growth with the exception of the agricultural sector. The manufacturing grew at 4.8% in the fourth quarter of 2016, and the construction sector continued to expand at 5.1%. The Agricultural sector however contracted at a slower pace at -2.4%. Perhaps one of the most critical aspects for the Group would be the performance of the Malaysian financial system ("MFS") as a whole. BNM commented that the MFS remains resilient and domestic banking systems will continue to remain well-capitalised, with ample liquidity to support the financial needs of businesses and households. It is a well-known fact that banks have, in recent years, imposed very strict lending policies when it comes to end financing for residential and commercial properties alike.

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

Overall, A &M managed to maintain a steady performance throughout the Financial Year ("FY") 2016, despite the challenging market conditions. The Group registered a profit before taxation of RM27.62 million on revenue of RM115.33 million. This represents a decrease of 5.61% from the previous financial year revenue of RM122.18 million, while Group's profit before taxation has decreased by 10.31%. The lower revenue and profit contribution were mainly attributable to the lower contribution from the property and construction division following the completion of certain ongoing projects.

Nevertheless, the Group remains financially sound with strong cash flow from operations and a healthy tangible assets. For the period under review, although the Group registered the basic earnings per share attributable to the shareholders at 5.39 sen (2015: 6.45 sen), the net assets per share had strengthened to RM1.69 (2015: RM1.64).

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The Group's cash position has increased marginally from RM59.29 million as at 31 December 2015 to RM64.11 million as at 31 December 2016. The net cash generated from operations was RM11.53 million of which approximately RM5.76 million was used for capital expenditure, to which a substantial amount was allocated for the refurbishment of Amverton Heritage.

The Group continues to fund all its projects internally with zero property gearing. As such, A & M is confident that its existing financials are sufficient to finance its capital expenditure and working capital requirements under its current and new development plans.

#### Gearing

The total Group loans, negligibly increased from RM0.70 million as at 31 December 2015 to RM0.90 million as at 31 December 2016. The increase was due mainly to additional hire purchase facilities obtained for new motor vehicles acquired during the year.

#### Dividend

No dividends were declared or paid in FY 2016 given that the Group is still aggressively pursuing growth opportunities and the bulk of its launched projects are in the investment phase, prior to the handover of products sold to customers. Moreover the Group will continue to conserve the Group's financial resources in anticipation of any acquisition and merger opportunities during the difficult times ahead, as well as for working capital for upcoming new projects in 2017.

#### **OPERATIONAL REVIEW**

2016

88.35%

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016, we are pleased to report that the performance of the respective divisions are as follows:-

3.30

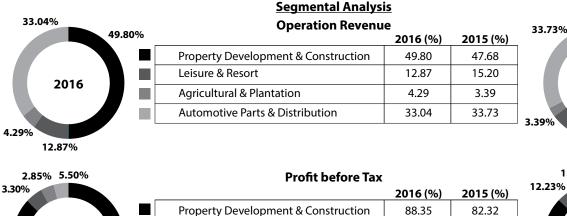
2.85

5.50

12.23

1.00

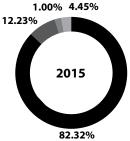
4.45



Leisure & Resort

Agricultural & Plantation

Automotive Parts & Distribution



2015

15.20%

47.68%

## Management Discussion & Analysis (Cont'd)

#### PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT, CONSTRUCTION & SERVICES DIVISION

The Division continues to be the main source of revenue and earnings for the Group, contributing 49.80% (2015: 47.68%) and 88.35% (2015: 82.32%) of the Group's total revenue and profit before tax ("PBT") for 2016.

The division registered a minor decrease of 1.41% in revenue to RM57.43 million for the current financial year as compared to RM58.26 million in the previous year. Profit decreased by 3.73% to RM24.40 million for the current financial year as compared to RM25.35 million in 2015.

A & M has successfully handed over the vacant possession of its last phase double storey bungalow's project at Amverton Park @ Bukit Kemuning Golf & Country Resort in Shah Alam in early 2016. This project contributed significantly to the Division's performance in 2016.

#### Our upcoming project launches

#### **Amverton Hills**

 Medium to high end range Semi-Ds and bungalows in Sungai Buloh

Amverton Hills is the latest gated and guarded sanctuary in Sungai Buloh that comprises of 81 upmarket bungalows and 198 semi-detached homes. This low-density development project spans over 120 acres of freehold land in natural contours and includes a private clubhouse for its residents. With the ongoing construction of the Sungai Buloh-Kajang MRT line, the area is likely to undergo tremendous development and potential.



#### **Amverton Links**

· 155 units Guarded 2 Storey Terrace Houses in Klang, Sg. Jati

Even though the Group has in recent years embarked on developing upmarket and high end residential units, A & M still continues to provide affordable housing in Klang, which is where the group initially started out as a property developer. Amverton Links is its latest addition to its list of projects, located in Sungai Jati Klang, which entails 155 units of 2 storey terrace houses as well as a clubhouse, a first in the area.

The Group is expected to officially launch this project in second quarter of this year when its clubhouse and show units are ready.







#### **Amverton Cove Homesteads and Service Apartment**

· 61 units of bungalow lots and 250 units service apartments at Carey Island

Following the success of Amverton Cove Golf & Island Resort in Carey Island, the Group has also planned for a number of projects to be launched within next few years in Carey Island. The Group is currently developing its "Homesteads" project which entails only 61 units of bungalow lots over approximately 100 acres of land, and in the midst of planning for future service apartments.

Recently, the Malaysian Government announced the plan to develop Selangor's Carey Island into a giant port city on the Malacca Strait, with an estimated total gross development value (GDV) of more than RM1 trillion once all three phases of the 20-year project are completed. The group is confident that Amverton Cove is on the right track to become a successful integrated township with mixed commercial and residential properties, as well as retail and leisure amenities.

## Management Discussion & Analysis (Cont'd)





#### **LEISURE & RESORT DIVISION**

The division recorded lower revenue of RM14.85 million and PBT of RM0.91 million for 2016, representing a decrease of 20.07% in revenue and a reduction of 75.81% in PBT respectively compared to 2015. The lower revenue and profit for current year was mainly due to the major refurbishment and rebranding exercise of Amverton Heritage.

Moving forward, we expect the division to show higher profit for 2017, with the renovation works for Amverton Heritage almost completed, and continued positive results from Amverton Cove and Puteri Garden. Chinese tourism to Malaysia has surged in 2016, rising by 26% in the first eight months. This is mainly due to the e-visa scheme introduced earlier in March 2016, as well as the significant increase of direct flights between Malaysia and China. With tourism booming in Melaka, and the recent positive announcement in relation to Carey Island's new port, we expect the division to contribute positively to the Group's results in 2017.

#### **AGRICULTURAL & PLANTATION DIVISION**

Price of crude palm oil ("CPO") increased considerably in 2016. The higher CPO prices averaged at RM2,634 per metric tonne

throughout 2016 (2015: RM2,167 per metric tonne) has led to this division recording a higher revenue and profit before tax of RM4.95 million and RM0.79 million respectively as compared to RM4.14 million and RM0.31 million respectively in the preceding year.

Global production of CPO had contracted in 2016 due to draught caused by the El-Nino phenomenon. This has resulted in the increase in CPO price to RM3,200 per metric tonne by end of December 2016. With the El-Nino effect gradually diminishing, CPO production is expected to gradually recover in the second half of 2017 as more rain is expected in the coming months.

It is envisaged that plantation activities will contribute a steady and fair rate of return to the Group and hence generate further profit and cash flow to the Group.

The management will continue to implement the industry's best practices to ensure maximum Fresh Fruit Bunch ("FFB") output for 2017.

#### **AUTOMOTIVE PARTS & DISTRIBUTION DIVISION**

The Division recorded an increase of 10.77% in profit to RM1.52 million (2015: RM1.37 million) for the current financial year on the back of slight decrease in revenue to RM38.11 million (2015: RM41.21 million) despite the soft industry conditions.

2016 was indeed a challenging year for this division and industry due to the impact of the GST as well as the strengthening of the US Dollar. The Group believes that 2017 will continue to be a competitive year and management is in the process of rationalizing the product mix progressively with the objective of increasing turnover and margin, as well as focusing on promoting its in-house brand, Mitsinbo.

#### **OUTLOOK OF FUTURE PROSPECTS**

In general, the Malaysian economy is still expected to grow at a slower pace. Inflation is expected to remain flat. Various issues still plague the economy, including but not limited to the weakening of the Ringgit, lower crude oil prices as well as worldwide geopolitical issues. Furthermore, loan growth is expected to slow down even further as the weak credit cycle continues. In short, the increased cost of living and economic uncertainties coupled with the above factors will most likely result in cautious consumer spending. The market now consists of more genuine homebuyers rather than property speculators.

Despite the softening of the property market, A & M is confident to rise above challenges as it continues to leverage on stable demand for affordable housing at strategic location to ensure sustained growth. The Group's newly planned launches for 2017, namely Amverton Hills, Amverton Links and "Homesteads" in Amverton Cove are expected to contribute positively to the Group's earnings and profitability.

#### Profile of Board of Directors

#### Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Executive Chairman (Non-Independent and Executive Director)

Age: 69

Appointed Date: 22 November 1994

Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock graduated with an Honours Degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Malaya. Prior to founding the Company, he began his career in 1970 as an engineer in Perbadanan Urus Air Selangor Berhad before appointed as a Municipal Councillor of Majlis Perbandaran Klang to assist in the development and growth of the Klang district. He was also the State Executive Councillor for the Selangor Government, State Assemblyman for the Barisan Nasional Party for the Selat Klang and Pandamaran constituencies and a Senator for the Government. Tan Sri Dato' Ng was appointed to the Board of Hil Industries Berhad ("Hil") on 4 July 2002 as Executive Chairman. Tan Sri Dato' Ng is a substantial shareholder of the Company. He is the spouse of Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo, father of Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong, Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng. He is also the brother of Datuk Ng Thian Kwee.

#### Dato' Setia Abdul Halim Bin Dato' Haji Abdul Rauf

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Executive Deputy Chairman (Non-Independent and Executive Director)

Age: 79

Appointed Date: 1 February 2002

Dato' Setia Abdul Halim Bin Dato' Haji Abdul Rauf, was appointed to the Board of Director on 1 February 2002 and was subsequently appointed as Executive Deputy Chairman on 24 April 2002. He holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree from the University of Malaya and Master Degree in Public and International Affairs from University of Pittsburgh USA. Before joining the private sector, he held key positions in government authorities and agencies. Amongst key positions held were Director-General of Implementation Coordination Unit in the Prime Minister's Department, State Secretary of State Government of Selangor, Director-General of Immigration Department Malaysia, Deputy Director, Bureau of Research and Consultancy, National Institute of Public Administration, Malaysia and Senior Deputy Director-General, Rubber Industry Smallholders Development Authority. He has vast experience in the management and strategic business planning. Dato' Setia Abdul Halim was appointed to the Board of Hil on 7 February 2003 as Executive Deputy Chairman. Presently, he is also the Chairman of Kontena Nasional Global Logistic Sdn. Bhd.. Dato' Setia Abdul Halim does not have any interest in the securities of the Company, neither does he have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company.

#### **Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng**

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Managing Director (Non-Independent and Executive Director)

Age: 49

Appointed Date: 22 November 1994

Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng graduated with a Bachelor of Commerce from the University of Western Australia. Being a Chartered Accountant, he is also a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA) and also a Fellow Member of Certified Practising Accountants (FCPA). He has vast experience in the property and construction industry, having hands-on involvement in the management, financial and project management of the Group. In addition, he was formerly Deputy Chairman of Selangor Real Estate and Housing Developers' Association Malaysia and Chairman of Klang/Shah Alam Zone Committee. He is also a member of the Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Dato' Ambrose Ng is a substantial shareholder of the Company by virtue of his parents' shareholdings. He is the son of Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock and Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo, brother of Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong, Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng and nephew of Datuk Ng Thian Kwee.

## Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo

Gender: Female Nationality : Malaysian

Directorship: Non-Independent and Executive Director

Age: 70

Appointed Date: 2 July 2009

Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo holds a Bachelor of Arts majoring in Economics from University of Malaya. Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo is a substantial shareholder of the Company by virtue of her spouse' and sons' shareholdings. She is the spouse of Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock and mother of Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong, Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng.

## Profile of Board of Directors (Cont'd)

#### Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Independent and Non-Executive Director

Aae: 73

Appointed Date: 1 March 2000

Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum graduated with a Degree in Medicine from the University of Singapore in1968, and served as a medical officer in the government service before going into private practice. His commitments to the nation can be seen from his former appointments including his election as the State Assemblyman under the Barisan National party for the seat of Bagan Jermal in Penang, appointments as Penang State Executive Councillor, Senator and Parliamentary Secretary of Ministry of Domestic Trade and Consumer Affair. He is Chairman of the board of trustees of UTAR Education Foundation. He is also the Chairman of Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committee of A & M. Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak was appointed to the Board of Hil on 16 February 2007 as an Independent Director. He is also a member of Audit Committee of Hil. Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak was appointed as an Independent Director on the Board of Xinghe Holdings Berhad but subsequently resigned on 31 August 2016. Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak does not have any interest in the securities of the Company, neither does he have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company.

#### **Datuk Ng Thian Kwee**

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Non-Independent and Executive Director

Age: 55

Appointed Date: 22 November 1994

Datuk Ng Thian Kwee holds an Honours Degree in Bachelor of Science (Engineering) and Master Degree in Construction, both from United Kingdom. He has vast experience in handling development and construction projects. At present, he oversees the development and construction operations of the Group. Datuk Ng does not have any interest in the securities of the Company. He is the brother of Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock and uncle of Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong, Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng.

#### Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Independent and Non-Executive Director

Age: 77

Appointed Date: 9 September 2000

En. Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah graduated from National Chengchi University Taiwan with a Bachelor of Laws L.L.B (Taiwan). He has served in various capacities in UMNO, and was formerly a political secretary to Chief Minister of Selangor. En. Mat Ripen was appointed to the Board of Hil on 20 February 2004 as an Independent Director. He is also the member of Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committee of the Company. En. Mat Ripen does not have any interest in securities of the Company, neither does he have any family relationship with any Director and/or any major shareholder of the Company.

#### Tan Jiu See

Gender: Female Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Independent and Non-Executive Director

Age: 57

Appointed Date: 20 July 2004

Ms. Tan Jiu See holds a Bachelor of Economics and Bachelor of Laws Degree from the Australian National University. She is presently a legal practitioner. Ms. Tan Jiu See does not have any interest in the securities of the Company, neither does she have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company.

## Profile of Board of Directors (Cont'd)

#### Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Non-Independent and Executive Director

Age: 46

Appointed Date: 2 July 2012

Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong was appointed to the Board of Director on 2 July 2012. Dato' Milton Ng graduated with an Honours Degree in Law from the University of Western Australia in 1994. After graduating, he spent 9 months doing his pupilage in the legal office of Shearn Delamore and was admitted to the Malaysian Bar as an Advocate and Solicitor in May 1995. He spent a further 6 months in Shearn Delamore before joining Hil in December 1995 as general manager where he was responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Company. Dato' Milton Ng is a substantial shareholder of the Company by virtue of his parents' shareholdings. He is the son of Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock and Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo, brother of Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng and nephew of Datuk Ng Thian Kwee.

## **Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng**

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Non-Independent and Executive Director

Age: 36

Appointed Date: 20 July 2004

Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng holds a Bachelor of Commerce Degree majoring in Finance and Marketing with a minor in Business Law, from University of Western Australia. Prior to his appointment as Executive Director, he was the General Manager of the Group. At present, he oversees the sales and marketing operations of the Group. Mr. Steven Ng is a substantial shareholder of the Company by virtue of his parents' shareholdings. He is also the son of Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock and Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo, brother of Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong and Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng and nephew of Datuk Ng Thian Kwee.

#### Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Non-Independent and Executive Director

Age: 31

Appointed Date: 15 September 2008

Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng graduated with double degrees majoring in Accounting and Law from Murdoch University, Western Australia in 2008. Mr. Malcolm Ng was appointed to the Board of Hil on 8 September 2008. After graduating, he had spent a brief period in MIMB Investment Bank Bhd before joining the Group. Currently, he oversees the finance and accounting operations of the Group. Mr. Malcolm Ng is a substantial shareholder of the Company by virtue of his parents' shareholdings. He is the son of Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock and Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo, brother of Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong and Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and nephew of Datuk Ng Thian Kwee.

### Ooi Hock Guan

Gender: Male

Nationality: Malaysian

Directorship: Independent and Non-Executive Directors

Age: 51

Appointed Date: 26 February 2009

Mr. Ooi Hock Guan holds a degree in Economics from the University of Leicester, United Kingdom and is a Professional Member of the Institute of Internal Auditors Malaysia. After graduating, he has spend a total of 14 years with Royal Selangor Pewter and GCH Retail (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. (Giant Hypermarket) specializing in Internal Audit and Finance before joining the Group. He is a member of the Audit Committee of the Company. Mr. Ooi was appointed to the Board of Hil on 26 February 2009 as an Independent Director. He is also a member of Audit Committee of Hil. Mr. Ooi does not have any interest in the securities of the Company, neither does he have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company.

## Profile of Board of Directors (Cont'd)

#### OTHER INFORMATION

- (a) None of the Directors has any conflict of interest with the Company and none has convicted of any offences in the past five years.
- (b) By virtue of their interests in the Company, Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock, Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo, Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong, Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng are also deemed to be interested in the shares of all the subsidiaries to the extent of the Company's interests in the respective subsidiaries. In addition, their direct and indirect interests in the share capital of the subsidiaries during the financial year were as follows:

	— Number of ordinary shares of RM1.00 each				
	Balance			Balance	
	at 1.1.2016	Acquired	Disposed	at 31.12.2016	
Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock, Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo, Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong, Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng					
- deemed interest					
Idaman Kalbu Sdn. Bhd.	74,250	_	_	74,250	
Lipat Ganda Sdn. Bhd.	99,046	-	-	99,046	
Pillar Industries Sdn. Bhd.	161,910	-	-	161,910	
Profail Padu Sdn. Bhd.	1,600,000	-	-	1,600,000	
Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng					
- direct interest					
Epic Ventures Sdn. Bhd.	842,744	592,383	-	1,435,127	

#### Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock

Executive Chairman (Non-Independent and Executive Director)

- Active role in board of directors and providing strategic oversight of business
- Graduated with a Honours Degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Malaysia.
- Appointed to the board in 1994

#### **Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng**

Managing Director (Non-Independent and Executive Director)

- · Overall leadership, responsible for general management, and government relations
- Graduated with a Bachelor of Commerce Degree from the University of Western Australia.
- Appointed to the board in 1994

#### **Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong**

Non-Independent and Executive Director

- Responsible for strategic planning and corporate affairs
- Graduated with Honours Degree in Law from the University of Western Australia
- Appointed to the board in 2012

#### Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng

Non-Independent and Executive Director

- Responsible for marketing and project management
- Graduated with Bachelor of Commerce Degree majoring in Finance and Marketing with a minor in Business Law from University of Western Australia
- Appointed to the board in 2004

#### Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng

Non-Independent and Executive Director

- Responsible for managing corporate finance
- Graduated with double degrees majoring in Accounting and Law from Murdoch University, Western Australia
- Appointed to the board in 2008

Profiles of above key senior management team are stated in the "Profile of Board of Directors" of this Annual Report.

## Statement of Corporate Governance

The Board of Directors recognise the importance of good corporate governance and is committed to ensure that a high standard of corporate governance is practiced throughout the Group as a fundamental part of discharging its responsibilities to protect and enhance shareholder value and the financial performance of the Company and the Group.

The Board is pleased to report on the manner the Group has applied the principles and the extent of the compliance with the recommendations of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 (MCCG 2012) for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### **ESTABLISH CLEAR ROLES AND RESPONSIBLITIES**

#### **Clear Functions of the Board and Management**

The Group acknowledges the pivotal role played by the Board of Directors in the stewardships of its direction and operations. To fulfill this role, the Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Group, including its strategic direction, establishing goals for Management and monitoring the achievement of these goals.

The Board is responsible for oversight of the Company. Key matters reserved for the Board's approval include the following:-

- Approval of financial results
- · Declaration of dividend
- · Annual business plan
- Acquisition or disposal of material fixed assets

To ensure the effective discharge of its function and responsibilities, the Board has delegated specific responsibilities to three (3) sub-committees (Audit, Nomination and Remuneration Committees). The details of the Audit Committee are set out on page 28 to 29 while the details of the Nomination and Remuneration Committees are set out below. These Committees have the authority to examine particular issues and report back to the Board with their recommendations. The ultimate responsibility for the final decision on all matters, however, lies with the entire Board. To meet the recommendations of the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance, the Board set up the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee on 29 March 2002.

The daily operations have been delegated to management. Management has been given the authority to decide on operation matters within certain set limits where quick decisions are important to the growth and success of the Company. Management is however accountable to the Board and must refer to the Board for decision where the matters are material and involves strategic decisions.

#### Directors' roles and responsibilities

The Board provides stewardship to the Group's strategic direction and operations, and ultimately the enhancement of shareholders' value. The Board is primarily responsible for:

- · Reviewing and adopting the strategic plans for the Group;
- · Overseeing the conduct and performance of the Group to ensure they are being properly and appropriately managed;
- · Identifying principal risks and ensuring the implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks;
- Succession planning, including appointing, training, fixing the compensation of and where appropriate, replacing senior management;
- · Developing and implementing investor relations programme or shareholders communication policy for the Group; and
- · Reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the Group's management information and internal control systems.

#### Formalised Ethical Standards through Code of Ethics

The Directors continue to adhere to the Company Directors' Code of Ethics established which is based on principles in relation to integrity, compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and Company policies and accountability in order to enhance the high standards of corporate governance and behavior.

#### **Strategies Promoting Sustainability**

The Board has formulated a Sustainability Policy which sets out the business strategy that drives long-term corporate growth and profitability, by including environmental and social issues in the business model.

Disclosure on corporate social responsibility are presented under "Corporate Social Responsibility Statement" of this Annual Report and also published on Company's website at www.amrealty.com.my.

#### **ESTABLISH CLEAR ROLES AND RESPONSIBLITIES (CONT'D)**

#### **Access to Information and Advice**

All Board meetings are structured with a pre-set agenda. Board papers providing updates on operation, financial and corporate developments as well as minutes of meetings of the Board Committees are circulated 7 days prior to the meetings to give Directors time to deliberate on the issues to be raised at the meetings.

All the Directors have been granted unrestricted access to all information pertaining to the Group's business and affairs as well advice and services of the Company Secretaries in order to assist them in their decision making. Where necessary, the Directors may engage independent professionals, at the Group's expense, to advise them on specialized issues for the purpose of decision making.

#### **Qualified and Competent Company Secretary**

The Board is satisfied with the performance and support rendered by the Company Secretary to the Board in the discharge of its functions. The Company Secretary plays an advisory role to the Board in relation to the Company's constitution, Board's policies and procedures and compliance with the relevant regulatory requirements, codes or guidance and legislations. The Company Secretary supports the Board in managing the Company's governance model, ensuring it is effective and relevant.

During the year, the Company Secretary attended all Board meetings and ensure that the deliberations in terms of the issues discussed and decisions made thereof, were accurately and sufficiently recorded, and properly kept for the purposes of meeting statutory regulations, Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements or other regulatory requirements.

#### **Board Charter**

The Board Charter is currently being drafted and will be posted on the Company's website after the Board's approval for adoption. In the course of establishing a board charter, the Board recognises the importance to set out the key values, principles and ethos of the Company, as policies and strategy development are based on these considerations. The Board Charter is expected to include the division of responsibilities and powers between the Board and management as well as the different committees established by the Board.

#### STRENGTHEN COMPOSITION

Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng

#### **Nomination Committee**

Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum (Independent and Non-Executive Director)-Chairman

Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah (Independent and Non-Executive Director)

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee include:

 Annually review the required mix of skills and experience and other qualities, including core competencies which Non-Executive and Executive Directors should have;

(Non-Independent and Executive Director)

- Assess on annual basis, the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the committees of the Board and for assessing the contribution of each individual Director, including Independent Non-Executive Directors, as well as the Managing Director;
- Assess on annual basis, the tenure of an Independent Director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years. Upon completion of the nine (9) years, an Independent Director may continue to serve on the Board subject to the Director's redesignation as a Non-Independent Director. To retain as Independent Director, the Board must justify and seek shareholder's approval for a person who has serve in that capacity for more than nine (9) years;
- Recommends to the Board, candidates for all directorship to be filled by shareholders or the Board, including those proposed by the Managing Director or any senior executives of the Company;
- Recommends to the Board, Directors to fill the seats on Board Committees; and
- Carry out its responsibilities with the assistance and services of a Company Secretary who must ensure that all appointments
  are properly made, that all necessary information is obtained from Directors, both for the Company's own records and for the
  purposes of meeting statutory obligations, as well as obligations arising from the Main Marketing Listing Requirements of
  the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") or other regulatory requirements.

In making its recommendations, the Nomination Committee should consider the candidates':

- Skills, knowledge, expertise and experience;
- Professionalism;
- Integrity; and
- In the case of candidates for the position of Independent Non-Executive Directors, the Nomination Committee should also
  evaluate the candidates' ability to discharge such responsibilities/functions as expected from Independent Non-Executive Directors.

#### STRENGTHEN COMPOSITION (CONT'D)

#### Nomination Committee (Cont'd)

The Nomination Committee held one (1) meeting during the financial year ended 31 December 2016. During the year under review, the Nomination Committee carried out its duties in accordance with its Terms of Reference. These include:

- Review and assess the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and the Audit Committee;
- · Review and assess the mix of skills, experience and competencies of each individual Director;
- Review and recommendation to the Board, the re-election of the Directors who will be retiring at the forthcoming AGM of the Company;
- Review and recommendation to the Board, the re-appointment of the Directors who will be retiring at the forthcoming AGM of the Company: and
- Review and recommendation to the Board, the retention of the Independent Non-Executive Directors in accordance with the MCCG 2012.

#### Develop, Maintain and Review Criteria for Recruitment and Annual Assessment of Directors

The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance endorses as good practice, a formal procedure for appointments to the Board, with a Nomination Committee making recommendation to the Board. The Code, however, states that this procedure may be performed by the Board as a whole, although, as a matter of best practice, it recommends that this responsibility be delegated to a committee.

In previous years, the appointment of any additional Director was made as and when deemed necessary by the existing Board with due consideration given to the mix of expertise and experience required for an effective Board. Pursuant to its set up on 29 March 2002, the Nomination Committee is responsible for making recommendations for any appointment to the Board. Any new nomination received is put to the full Board for assessment and endorsement.

In respect of the appointment of Directors, the Company practices a clear and transparent nomination process which involves the following five (5) stages:

Stage 1: Identification of candidates

Stage 2: Evaluation of suitability of candidates

Stage 3: Meeting up with candidates

Stage 4: Final deliberation by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Stage 5: Recommendation to the Board

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, all Directors who are appointed by the Board are subject to election by shareholders at the first Annual General Meeting after the appointment.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, one-third (1/3) of the remaining Directors, are required to submit themselves for re-election by rotation at each Annual General Meeting. In compliance with the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Listing Requirements, which came into force on 1 June 2001, all Directors are required to submit themselves for re-election at least once every three (3) years. Directors over seventy years are no longer required to submit themselves for re-appointment annually under the Companies Act, 2016.

#### **Gender Diversity Policy**

Corporate Governance Blueprint 2011 stated that the Board should ensure women participation on board to reach 30%. The Board does not have a policy on boardroom diversity, including gender diversity. The Company will provide equal opportunity to candidates with merit. Nonetheless, the Board will give consideration to the gender diversity objectives.

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

The Company has set up the Remuneration Committee on 29 March 2002 as recommended by the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance to determine the remuneration for a Director so as to ensure that the Company attracts and retains the Directors needed to run the Company successfully. The component parts of remuneration are structured so as to link rewards to corporate and individual performance, in the case of Executive Directors. In the case of Non-Executive Directors, the level of remuneration reflects the experience and level of responsibilities undertaken by the particular Non-Executive Director concerned.

#### The members of the Remuneration Committee, comprising a majority of Non-Executive Directors, are as follows:

Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum (Independent and Non-Executive Director)-Chairman

Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah (Independent and Non-Executive Director)

Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng (Non-Independent and Executive Director)

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONT'D)**

The Remuneration Committee recommends to the Board the framework of the Executive Directors' remuneration and the remuneration package for each Executive Director in all its forms, drawing from outside advice if necessary. Executive Directors should play no part in decision on their own remuneration. It is, nevertheless, the ultimate responsibility of the entire Board to approve the remuneration of these Directors.

The determination of the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors is a matter for the Board as a whole. The individuals concerned should obtain from discussion of their own remuneration. The Company reimburses reasonable expenses incurred by these Directors in the course of their duties as Directors.

The remuneration of Directors received on a group basis for the financial year ended 31 December 2016 is as follows:

1. Aggregate remuneration of Directors categorized into appropriate components:

	Executive Directors RM	Non-Executive Directors RM	Total RM
Fees	72,000	48,000	120,000
Salary & Allowances	2,085,600	-	2,085,600
Bonus	127,560	-	127,560
EPF	168,654	2,340	170,994
	2,453,814	50,340	2,504,154

2. The number of Director as at 31 December 2016 whose total remuneration falls within the following bands:

Range of Remuneration	<b>Executive Directors</b>	Non-Executive Directors
Below RM50,000	1	2
RM50,001 - RM100,000	1	-
RM200,001 - RM250,000	1	-
RM250,001 - RM300,000	1	-
RM400,001 - RM450,000	1	-
RM650,001 - RM700,000	1	-
RM700,001 - RM750,000	1	-

#### REINFORCE INDEPENDENCE

#### **Annual Assessment of Independence**

The Board, through the Nomination Committee, assesses the independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors annually, taking into account the individual Director's ability to exercise independent judgement at all times and to contribute to the effective functioning of the Board.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors are not employees and they do not participate in the day-to-day management as well as the daily business of the Company.

The Board is satisfied with the level of independence demonstrated by all the Independent Non-Executive Directors and their ability to act in the best interest of the Company.

#### **Tenure of Independent Directors**

The Nomination Committee and the Board have determined at the annual assessment carried out that Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum, Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah and Tan Jiu See, who have served on the Board for a cumulative terms of more than nine (9) years, remains objective and independent in expressing their views and in participating in deliberations and decision making of the Board and Board Committees. The length of their services on the Board does not in any way interfere with their exercise of independent judgement and ability to act in the best interest of the Company. They have exercised due care during their tenure as Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company and have carried out their professional duties in monitoring and recommendations for implementation to enhance value to the Company and Group.

Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum, Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah and Tan Jiu See have offered themselves for re-appointment as Directors of the Company at the forthcoming Twenty-Seventh Annual General Meeting. In view thereof, the Board has recommended that the approval of the shareholders be sought to retain them as Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company.

#### REINFORCE INDEPENDENCE (CONT'D)

#### Separation of Position of the Chairman and Managing Director

There is a clear division of responsibility between the Chairman, Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock and the Managing Director, Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, to ensure there is a balance of power and authority.

MCCG 2012 also recommends that the Chairman of the Board to be a non-executive member of the Board and in the event, the Chairman is not an Independent Director, the Board must comprise a majority of Independent Directors. The Company's Chairman, Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock, is an executive member of the Board and is not an Independent Director by virtue of his substantial interest in the Group.

The Board believes that the Chairman is competent to act on behalf of the shareholders in their best interest and does not recommend the necessity of nominating an Independent Non-Executive Chairman at this juncture.

#### **Board Composition and Balance**

The Board currently has twelve (12) members, comprising four (4) Independent Non-Executive Directors and eight (8) Executive Directors (including the Chairman and Managing Director). The composition of the Board complies with paragraph 15.02 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. A brief description of the background of each Director is presented on pages 14 to 17.

The Group is led and controlled by an experience Board, many of whom have intimate knowledge of business. The management of the Group's business and implementation of policies and day-to-day running of the business is delegated to the Executive Directors. The Independent Non-Executive Directors provide unbiased and independent views to safeguard the interests of shareholders.

There is balance in the Board because of the presence of four (4) Independent Non-Executive Directors who are of the caliber necessary to carry sufficient weight in Board decisions thus enabling adequate Board representation of the interest of minority shareholders. Although all the Directors have an equal responsibility for the Group's operations, the role of these Independent Non-Executive Directors is particularly important in ensuring that the strategies proposed by the executive management are fully discussed and examined, and take account of the long term interests, not only of the shareholders, but also of employees, customers, suppliers and the many communities in which the Group conducts business.

Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum acts as the senior Independent Non-Executive Director. Any concerns concerning the Group may be conveyed to him.

#### **FOSTER COMMITMENT**

#### **Time Commitment**

The Board meets at least four (4) times a year, with additional meetings convened when necessary. All Board members bring an independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, performance and resources and standard of conducts. The Non-Executive Directors are all independent. During the year ended 31 December 2016, five (5) Board Meetings were held. Every directors attended a majority of the Board meetings held during his/her tenure in the period. Details of the Board Meetings and the attendance of the Directors are disclosed in the Statement Accompanying Notice of Annual General Meeting on page 5 to 6. The Board is satisfied with the level of time commitment given by the Directors towards fulfilling their roles and responsibilities as Directors of the Company.

The Directors are required to submit an update on their other directorships and shareholdings to the Company Secretary. Such information is used to monitor the number of directorship held by the Directors. Each member of the Board must not hold more than five directorships in public listed companies. This is in compliance with the Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements which states that Directors should not sit on the Boards for more than five listed companies to ensure that their commitment and have the time to focus and fulfill their roles and responsibility effectively.

#### **Directors Training**

As an integral element of the process of appointing new Directors, the Nomination Committee ensures that new Board members are given every opportunity to familiarise themselves with the structure, operations and types of businesses of the Group.

All the Directors have attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme conducted by Research Institute of Investment Analysts Malaysia and completed the Continuing Education Programmes ("CEP") within the timeframe. The Board is regularly updated by the Company Secretary on the latest update/amendments on the Bursa Securities Listing Requirements and other regulatory requirements relating to the discharge of the Directors' duties and responsibilities. The Directors will also attend training endorsed by Bursa Securities to keep abreast with developments in the capital markets.

#### **FOSTER COMMITMENT (CONT'D)**

#### **Directors Training (Cont'd)**

The training programme and seminars attended by the Directors during the financial year ended 31 December 2016 includes:

Seminar / Workshop / Training	Organiser / Venue	Date
Future of Auditor Reporting - The Game Changer for Boardroom	Bursa Malaysia Berhad, Exchange Square, KL	9 March 2016
Risk Management Programme - I am Ready to Manage Risks	Bursa Malaysia Berhad, Exchange Square, KL	4 August 2016
Enhanced Understanding of Risk Management and Internal Control for CFO, IA, & RO - "The Way Forward"	Bursa Malaysia Berhad, Kuala Lumpur Convention Centre, KL	18 October 2016

#### **UPHOLD INTEGRITY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING**

#### **Compliance with Applicable Financial Reporting Standards**

In presenting the annual financial statements and quarterly announcement of results to shareholders, the Directors aim to present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects and to ensure that the financial statements are drawn up in accordance with the provision of Companies Act, 2016 and applicable accounting standards in Malaysia. This also applies to other price-sensitive public reports and reports to regulators. The Audit Committee assists the Board in scrutinising information for disclosure to ensure accuracy, adequacy and completeness. The Responsibility Statement by the Directors pursuant to Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities is set out in this Annual Report.

In addition to the above, the Board has overall responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal controls, which encompasses financial, operational, and compliance controls and risk management necessary for the Group to achieve its corporate objectives within an acceptable risk profile.

These controls can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud. The Board recognises that risk cannot be fully eliminated. As such, the systems, processes and procedures being put in place are aimed at minimizing and managing them. Ongoing reviews are continuously carried out to ensure the effectiveness, adequacy and integrity of the system of internal controls in safeguarding the Company's assets.

The financial report will be presented to the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis during audit committee meetings. After discussion and queries (if any), Audit Committee will then recommend that it be submitted to the Board of Directors for approval. During audit committee meetings, Audit Committee also meet up with the internal auditors and external auditors who would present their respective plans and reports. Audit Committee also meets up with internal auditors and external auditors individually for them to highlight any areas of concerns.

For the year under review the internal auditors and external auditors have not highlighted any area of concern.

Internal auditors adopts a risk based audit approach in auditing objectively to provide the assurance that risks are mitigated to acceptable levels. In carrying out their reviews, internal auditors makes reference to the Group's policies and procedures, established practices, Listing Requirements and recommended industry practices.

#### Assessment of Suitability and Independence of External Auditors

The Audit Committee undertakes an annual assessment of the suitability and independence of the external auditors. It is the policy of the Audit Committee to meet with the external auditors at least twice a year to discuss their audit plan, audit findings and the Company's financial statements. At least one of these meetings is held without the presence of the Executive Directors and the Management. The Audit Committee also meets with external auditors additionally whenever it deems necessary.

In this regard, the Audit Committee has assessed the independence of Messrs. HLB Ler Lum as external auditors of the Company. Having satisfied with their performance, technical competency and fulfillment of criteria of independent, the Audit Committee has recommend their re-appointment to the Board, upon which the shareholders' approval will be sought at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board acknowledges their responsibilities for the internal control system of the Group, covering not only financial controls but also controls relating to operations, compliance and risk management. The Board, in fulfilling their responsibilities, had set-up Audit Committee and outsourced the internal audit function of the Group to independent consulting firm to assist the Board on these matters. Information of the Group's internal control and risk management is presented in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control set out on pages 26 to 27 of the Annual Report. The Annual Audit Plan, Findings and Reports of the outsourced Internal Audit Function is presented directly to the Audit Committee during audit committee meetings. The audit committee would then evaluate and recommend that to the Board for approval.

#### **ENSURE TIMELY AND HIGH QUALITY DISCLOSURE**

The Board acknowledges the need to inform shareholders of all material business matters affecting the Company. The Company committed to provide shareholders with timely and equal dissemination of material information in order to enhance the transparency and accountability.

The Company has established a website – www.amrealty.com.my for shareholders and the public to access for information, including the announcements made by the Company. The Company's website incorporate an Investor Relations section which provides all relevant information on the Company and is accessible by the public. This Investor Relations section enhances the Investor Relations function by including all announcements made by the Company, annual reports as well as the financial information of the Company.

The Company's website has a "Contact Us" section where shareholders and potential investors may direct their enquiries on the Company. The Company's customer services team will endeavour to reply to these queries in the shortest possible time.

The announcement of the quarterly financial result is also made via Bursa LINK immediately after the Board's approval. This is important in ensuring equal and fair access to information by the investing public.

#### STRENGTHEN RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN COMPANY AND SHAREHOLDERS

The Company provides information to shareholders with regard to, amongst others, details of the Annual General Meeting, their entitlement to attend the Annual General Meeting, the right to appoint a proxy and also the qualification of a proxy.

A copy of the Annual Report and the notice of the AGM are sent to all shareholders at least 21 days before the AGM. The notice of AGM is also published in a nationally circulated daily newspaper. To further promote participation of members through proxy(ies), which is in line with the insertion of Paragraph 7.21 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, the Company had sought shareholders' approval to amend its Articles of Association to include explicitly the right of proxies to speak at general meetings, to allow a member who is an exempt authorized nominee to appoint multiple proxies for each omnibus account it holds and expressly disallow any restriction on proxy's qualification.

In maintaining the commitment to effective communication with shareholders, the Group adopts the practice of comprehensive, timely and continuing disclosures of information to its shareholders as well as to the general investing public. The practice of disclosure of information is not just established to comply with requirements of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities pertaining to continuing disclosures, it also adopts the best practices as recommended in the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2012 with regard to strengthening engagement and communication with shareholders. Where possible and applicable, the Group also provides additional disclosure of information on a voluntary basis. The Group believes that consistently maintaining a high level of disclosure and extensive communication with its shareholders is vital to shareholders and investors to make informed investment decisions.

The Annual Report is the main channel of communication between the Company and its stakeholders. The Annual Report communicates comprehensive information of the financial results and activities undertaken by the Group. As a listed issuer, the contents and disclosure requirements of the annual report are also governed by the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

Another key avenue of communication with its shareholders is the Company's Annual General Meeting, which provides a useful forum for shareholders to engage directly with the Company's Directors. During the general meeting, shareholders are at liberty to raise questions or seek clarification on the agenda items of the general meeting from the Company's Directors. Where appropriate, the Board will undertake to provide written answer to any questions that cannot be readily answered at the meeting.

#### **POLL VOTING**

Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, all resolutions set out in the notice of any general meeting held on or after 1 July 2016 shall be voted by poll. An independent scrutineer will be appointed to validate the vote cast at general meeting. The outcome of the resolutions will be announced to Bursa Securities on the same day of the meeting.

## Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control

#### INTRODUCTION

The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 requires listed companies to establish a sound risk management framework and internal control system to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets. Under paragraph 15.26 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") require Board of Directors of public listed companies to produce a statement on the state of the Companies' internal control as a group. In this regards, the Board of Directors ("Board") of A & M Realty Berhad ("A & M") is pleased to set out below the Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control.

#### **BOARD RESPONSIBILITY**

The Board recognizes the importance of a sound risk management framework and internal control systems for good corporate governance and acknowledges its primary responsibility to ensure that principal risks in the Group are identified, measured and managed with appropriate system of internal controls, and to ensure that the effectiveness, adequacy and integrity of the internal control system are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The Board maintains full control over all internal control within the Group, covering aspects of operational, compliance as well as financial in nature. In view of inherent risks, the Group's internal control systems are designed to manage and mitigate the effect rather than eliminate possible risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK**

The Board has established an organizational structure with clearly defined lines of authorities and job responsibilities to enhance accountability.

An informal risk management is carried out throughout the year, for identifying, evaluating, managing and reporting the significant risks that may be faced by the Group. The Board has empowered the Managing Director, who formed various task forces/project committee comprising Executive Directors/General Manager and key senior management personnel to assist him, in reviewing and managing the significant risks faced by the various operating units to achieve their respective business objectives of the Group. The Managing Director will inform the Board of any pertinent matters, which require decision-making at Board level.

The Managing Director and his senior management team, through their day-to-day involvement in the operations of the Group, ensure the ongoing maintenance, monitoring, reviewing and reporting arrangements have been put in place to provide reasonable assurance that the structure of controls and operations is appropriate to the Group.

#### INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

In accordance with Best Practices Provision BB VII in Part 2 of The Code, the Group's internal audit function had been outsourced to a professional firm in the last quarter of 2003 and it reports directly to the Audit Committee on a timely manner. The firm assists the Audit Committee, in obtaining sufficient assurance of regular review and appraisal of the effectiveness of the system of internal controls within the Group. The remit of the Group's internal audit function is set out to provide assurance to the Audit Committee that internal audit activities are performed with impartiality, proficiency and due professional care.

A high level assessment of the Group's business risk was carried out by the internal audit function to facilitate the preparation of internal audit plan. The audit plan was approved by the Audit Committee. With the adoption of risk-based approach, the internal audit function is able to focus its work on principal risk areas and processes of the business operation units. The internal audit function undertakes systematic and timely review of the system of internal controls in order to provide reasonable assurance that operation of such controls, including system of compliance with applicable laws, regulations and guidelines are adequate, efficient and effective.

In its focus on continuous improvement for the Group, the internal audit function review critical key areas for improvement and thereafter assesses the extent of which its recommendations have been implemented.

The key features of the internal control system are:

- Established policies and procedures in place which are well communicated throughout the Group;
- Established organisational structure;
- Clear lines of authorities and well defined responsibilities for all personnel of the Group. Strict authorisation and approval procedures have been established within top management;
- Regular and open communication between management, internal auditors and the Board on matters relating to risk and control;

## Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control (Cont'd)

#### **INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION (CONT'D)**

- The Board takes into account significant aspects of internal control for the Group;
- Timely financial reporting in accordance with Approved Applicable Standards in Malaysia and other guidelines issued by the relevant authorities;
- Conduct of monthly senior management meetings encompassing Directors and head of departments, focusing on principal risk affecting the Group's business objectives and to make decisions on important matters for the Group;
- Set up of ad hoc task force and project committees that are chaired periodically by Managing Director/Executive Director and attended by head of departments and executives, to manage critical matters that require close monitoring; and
- Computerised financial system to compile and consolidate data to generate monthly management reports, which assist management in identifying key changes and monitor performance.

During the financial year under review, the internal auditors reviewed the Group's system of internal control covering financial, accounting, operational and compliance controls. Although a number of internal control weaknesses were identified during this process, none of the weaknesses have resulted in any material losses, contingencies or uncertainties that would require disclosure in the Group's annual report.

During the audit committee meetings, internal auditors presents to the Audit Committee with the results of their audit review, findings, recommendations and management's response in the form of an internal audit report. The Audit Committee will then deliberate on the internal audit report and then recommend that it be presented to the Board for approval.

Internal auditors will carry out follow-up reviews on the areas previously audited on the implementation on the audit recommendations. The result of this follow-up review is then reported to Audit Committee in the form of a follow-up audit report presented during audit committee meeting. Audit Committee will then deliberate, make queries if necessary and recommend it to be presented to Board for approval.

Further details of the activities of the internal audit function are provided in the "Audit Committee Report" of this Annual Report.

#### **BOARD ASSESSMENT**

The Board is satisfied that the Group's adequacy of the existing system of risk management and internal control which operates satisfactorily to prevent any significant breakdown or weakness that give rise to material losses incurred by the Group during the financial year under review.

The system of internal controls will continue to be reviewed, enhanced or updated in line with changes in the operating environment. The Board will seek regular assurance on the continuity and effectiveness of the internal control system through independent appraisals by the internal auditors. The Board is of the view that the current system of internal controls in place throughout the Group is sufficient to safeguard the shareholders' investment, interests of customers, employees and stakeholders, and the Group's assets.

#### **REVIEW OF THE STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

As required by paragraph 15.23 of the Main Market Listing Requirement, the external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control for the inclusion in the annual report of the financial year ended 31 December 2016 and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the statement is inconsistent with their understanding of the process adopted by the Board in reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the internal control systems.

## **Audit Committee Report**

#### **COMPOSITION OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum (Independent and Non-Executive Director)-Chairman

Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah (Independent and Non-Executive Director)

Ooi Hock Guan (Independent and Non-Executive Director)

#### NUMBER OF AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS AND DETAILED OF ATTENDANCE

The Audit Committee comprises three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Board with Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum as Chairman. The Committee had five (5) meetings during the period, majority of the meetings were attended by all members. Other members of senior management and the Group's external auditors attended some of these meetings upon invitation by the Chairman of the Committee.

Details of Audit Committee meetings held at Conference Room, Lot 3, Jalan Lada Sulah 16/11, Section 16, 40000 Shah Alam during the financial year ended 31 December 2016 are as follow:

Name of Directors	No. of meeting attended/held	Percentage of Attendance (%)
Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum	4/5	80%
Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah	4/5	80%
Ooi Hock Guan	5/5	100%

#### **SUMMARY OF WORK OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE**

During the financial year under review, the Audit Committee has carried out the following works in accordance with its Terms of Reference to meet its responsibilities:-

- 1. Reviewed and monitored any related party transaction and conflict of interest situation that may arise within the Group including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises questions of management integrity. They are also ensure that the Director report such transactions annually to shareholders via the annual report;
- 2. Reviewed the quarterly report to the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("BMSB") and year end annual financial statements of the Group before submission to the Board, focusing on:
  - · Going concern assumption
  - · Compliance with accounting standards and regulatory requirements
  - Any changes in accounting policies and practices
  - Major judgemental areas
- 3. Reviewed and discussed the major findings of external auditors and the management response;
- 4. Reviewed all prospective financial information provided by the regulators and/or public;
- 5. Discussed with external auditors, prior to the commencement of audit, the audit plan which states the nature and scope of audit and ensure co-ordination of audit where more than one audit firm are involved;
- 6. Discussed problems and reservations arising from the final external audits, the audit report;
- 7. Reviewed with the external auditor, his evaluation of the system of internal controls, his management letter and management response;

## Audit Committee Report (Cont'd)

#### **SUMMARY OF WORK OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE (CONT'D)**

- 8. Met with external auditors without the presence of the executive directors and management in the Audit Committee meeting held on 14 April 2016 to enquire on unusual events or transactions or significant matters highlighted in audited report;
- Reviewed with external auditors, the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control of the Group for inclusion in the Annual Report for the year 2015;
- 10. Reviewed and confirmed the minutes of the Audit Committee Meetings;
- 11. Reviewed the suitability and independence of the external auditors in order to recommend their re-appointment to the Board for recommendation to the shareholders on the re-appointment of the external auditors in the forthcoming annual general meeting, as well as the audit fee;
- 12. Reviewed the nomination and appointment of the professional firm engaged to carry out the internal audit functions and specifically perform the following reviews:
  - Review the adequacy of the scope, functions and resource of the professional firm engaged to carry out internal audit functions, and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work;
  - Review the internal audit programme and results of the internal audit process and where necessary ensure that appropriate action is taken on the recommendations of the professional firm engaged; and
  - Review any appraisal or assessment of the performance of the professional firm engaged to perform the internal audit functions;
- 13. To reconsider any other functions as may be agreed to by the Committee and the Board.

#### **SUMMARY OF WORK OF THE INTERNAL AUDITORS**

The Committee had appointed a professional firm to undertake audit functions with effect from the last quarter of 2003.

#### **Internal Audit Function**

The internal audit functions have been outsourced to a professional firm reporting directly to Audit Committee. Its responsibilities include systematic and timely review of business units' compliance with internal control procedures, highlights weaknesses and makes appropriate recommendations for improvements.

The total cost incurred for maintaining the internal audit function for the year under review was RM26,697 comprising mainly professional fees and disbursements.

A summary of the works of the internal audit function for the financial year is as follows:-

- $1. \ Carried \ out \ sampling \ test \ on \ the \ Group's \ compliance \ with \ its \ policies \ and \ procedures \ as \ well \ as \ relevant \ rules \ and \ regulations;$
- 2. Evaluation of the Group's adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control review covering the accounts and administration, fixed assets management, IT general controls and project management cycle as per the Internal Audit Plan;
- 3. Reviewed of the accounting records;
- 4. Presentation of audit findings and recommendation of corrective actions to be taken by Management and management's response in the quarterly Audit Committee Meetings; and
- 5. Conducted follow-up audits to ensure corrective actions has been taken.

## Statement of Director's Responsibilities

The Directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give true and their view in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

In preparing those financial statements, the Directors have:

- · Adopted applicable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- · Made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable;
- Ensure applicable Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia for Entities Other than Private Entities have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act, 1965. The Directors are also responsible for taking such steps as reasonably open to them to safeguards the assets of the Group and the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## Additional Compliance Information

#### UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS RAISED FROM CORPORATE PROPOSALS

There were no proceeds raised from corporate proposals during the financial year.

#### **AUDIT AND NON - AUDIT FEES**

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016, the amounts of audit and non-audit fees paid or payable by the Company and the Group to the external auditors are as follows:-

	Company RM	Group RM
Audit Fees	22,000	272,300
Non - Audit Fees	3,000	6,000

#### RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION OF A REVENUE NATURE

There were no recurrent related party transaction of a revenue nature, which requires Shareholders' Mandate during the financial year under the review.

#### **MATERIAL CONTRACTS**

There were no material contracts (not being contracts entered into the ordinary course of business) entered into by A & M or its subsidiaries involving directors', chief executive's and major shareholders' interest either still subsisting at the end of the financial year ended 31 December 2016 or enterred into since the end of the previous financial year.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

A & M Group, as a responsible corporate citizen, is committed to conducting business in a manner which achieves sustainable growth whilst fulfilling legal, ethical, professional and moral standards.

We aim to achieve our business objectives in a caring and responsible manner recognizing the economic, social and environmental impacts of our activities on all our stakeholders.

Education and training, quality, safety, health care are just some of the priorities for both our employees and communities. Our hotels, golf courses especially kitchen and back of house divisions has been the training ground for a few colleges to send their students for practical training before the end of their respective courses.

Below are some of the activities that the Group has carried out to try to fulfill its commitment to CSR:

- · Contribution to Larian Bandar Diraja in 2006.
- On 17 December 2013, Bukit Aman Crime Prevention Department Director Datuk Ayub Yaakob has awarded A & M Realty Berhad the certification for auxiliary police powers at the landmark ceremony in Amverton Cove, Carey Island, as part of the national effort including the Group's Corporate Social Responsibility to reduce crime.
- · Amverton Heritage has held "Program Bantuan Amal Mesra" in conjuction with the Hari Raya Aidil Fitri helping the needy elderly and special children nearby.
- On 22 November 2014, A & M, through a fund-raising dinner titled "Spread the Love, Give a Hope Charity Night" raised fund of over RM170,000 for the Persatuan Penjagaan Kanak-Kanak Cacat Klang, Selangor at Bukit Kemuning Golf & Country Resort and also sponsored the venue to host the dinner.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Directors' Report	33 - 37
Statement by Directors	38
Statutory Declaration	38
Independent Auditors' Report	39 - 42
Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	43
Statements of Financial Position	44 - 45
Statements of Changes in Equity	46 - 47
Statements of Cash Flows	48 - 51
Notes to the Financial Statements	52 - 103
Supplementary Information - Breakdown of Retained Earnings into Realised and Unrealised	104

## Directors' Report

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their Report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding and the provision of management services. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 13 to the Financial Statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

#### **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

	Group RM	Company RM
Profit/(Loss) for the year	20,874,591	(97,548)
Attributable to : Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	19,681,930 1,192,661	(97,548)
	20,874,591	(97,548)

#### **DIVIDENDS**

No dividend have been paid or declared by the Company since the end of the previous financial year.

#### **RESERVES AND PROVISIONS**

All material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the financial year are shown in the financial statements.

#### **TREASURY SHARES**

The shareholders of the Company granted a mandate to the Company to repurchase its own shares at the Annual General Meeting held on 23 June 2016. The Directors of the Company are committed to enhance the value of the Company to its shareholders and believe that the repurchase plan can be applied in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders.

The repurchase transactions were financed by internally generated funds. The shares repurchased are being held as treasury shares in accordance with Section 67A of the Companies Act 1965.

There are no repurchase of own shares during the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The name of the Directors of the Company in office since the date of the last Report and at the date of this Report are:

- Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock
- Dato' Setia Abdul Halim Bin Dato' Haji Abdul Rauf
- Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng
- Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo
- Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum
- Datuk Ng Thian Kwee
- Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong
- Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah
- Tan Jiu See
- Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng
- Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng
- Ooi Hock Guan

## Directors' Report (Cont'd)

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

The following Directors of the Company who held office at the end of the financial year had, according to the Register of Directors' Shareholdings, interests in shares of the Company and related companies as follows:

	Balance	Number of ordina		Balance
	at 1.1.2016	Acquired	Disposed	at 31.12.2016
The Company				
Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock				
- direct interest	39,822,112	-	-	39,822,112
- deemed interest	223,821,180	-	-	223,821,180
Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo				
- direct interest	14,018,200	-	-	14,018,200
- deemed interest	249,625,092	-	-	249,625,092
Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng				
- direct interest	2,588,000	-	-	2,588,000
- deemed interest	255,147,392	-	-	255,147,392
Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong				
- direct interest	1,400,000	-	-	1,400,000
- deemed interest	255,147,392	-	-	255,147,392
steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng				
- direct interest	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
- deemed interest	255,147,392	-	-	255,147,392
Nalcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng				
- direct interest - deemed interest	3,507,900 259,347,392	-	-	3,507,900 259,347,392
		umber of ordina	ry shares of RM1.	
	Balance at 1.1.2016	Acquired	Disposed	Balance at 31.12.2016
Holding company - Dalta Industries Sdn. Bhd.				
an Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock				
- direct interest	7,000,000	-	-	7,000,000
- deemed interest	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	6,000,000
ruan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo				
- direct interest	400,000	-	-	400,000
- deemed interest	9,600,000	3,000,000	-	12,600,000
Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng				
- deemed interest	10,000,000	-	-	10,000,000
Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong				
- direct interest	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
- deemed interest	9,000,000	-	-	9,000,000
steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng				
- direct interest	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
- deemed interest	9,000,000	-	-	9,000,000
acemed interest				
Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng				
Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng - direct interest - deemed interest	- 9,000,000	1,000,000	-	1,000,000 9,000,000

## Directors' Report (Cont'd)

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (CONT'D)**

		lumber of ordina	ry shares of RMO	
	Balance at 1.1.2016	Acquired	Disposed	Balance at 31.12.2016
Related company - Hil Industries Berhad				
Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock				
- direct interest	33,113,566	-	8,000,000	25,113,566
- deemed interest	173,708,974	-	-	173,708,974
Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo				
- direct interest	7,184,400	-	-	7,184,400
- deemed interest	199,638,140	-	8,000,000	191,638,140
Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng				
- direct interest	3,553,400	-	-	3,553,400
- deemed interest	189,483,740	-	8,000,000	181,483,740
Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong				
- direct interest	6,668,300	-	-	6,668,300
- deemed interest	189,483,740	-	8,000,000	181,483,740
Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng				
- direct interest	3,541,500	-	-	3,541,500
- deemed interest	189,483,740	-	8,000,000	181,483,740
Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng				
- direct interest	3,575,600	-	-	3,575,600
- deemed interest	189,483,740	-	8,000,000	181,483,740
	N	lumber of ordina	ry shares of RM1	00 oach
	Balance	iumber of oruma	ily silales of Kivil	Balance
	at 1.1.2016	Acquired	Disposed	at 31.12.2016
Related companies				
Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock,				
Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo,				
Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng,				
Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong,				
Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and				
Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng				
- deemed interest				
Idaman Kalbu Sdn. Bhd.	74,250	-	-	74,250
Lipat Ganda Sdn. Bhd.	99,046	-	-	99,046
Pillar Industries Sdn. Bhd.	161,910	-	-	161,910
Profail Padu Sdn. Bhd.	1,600,000	-	-	1,600,000
Epic Ventures Sdn. Bhd.				
Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng				
- direct interest	842,744	592,383	-	1,435,127

By virtue of their interests in Dalta Industries Sdn. Bhd., Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock, Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo, Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong, Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng are also deemed to be interested in the shares of all the subsidiaries to the extent of the Company's interests in the respective subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 13 to the Financial Statements.

Other than as disclosed above, the Directors who held office at the end of the financial year did not have interests in the shares or debentures of the Company or related companies during the financial year.

## Directors' Report (Cont'd)

#### **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS**

During and at the end of the financial year, no arrangement subsisted to which the Company is a party, with the object or objects of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of remuneration received or due and receivable by Directors as shown in the financial statements of the Group) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements and that certain Directors received remuneration from the Company's related companies.

#### STATUTORY INFORMATION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:

- (a) to ascertain that proper action has been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts; and
- (b) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their values as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company in the ordinary course of business have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this Report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- (a) which would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; or
- (b) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading; or
- (c) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

At the date of this Report, there does not exist:

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liability of any other person; or
- (b) any contingent liability of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

### OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors state that:

At the date of this Report, they are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this Report or the financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the respective financial statements misleading.

In their opinion,

- (a) the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature; and
- (b) there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this Report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this Report is made.

## Directors' Report (Cont'd)

ŀ	40	I D	ING	COL	MPA	NY
г	ıv	LU	II V CI	CUI	VI	<b>114</b> 1

The Directors regard Dalta Industries Sdn.	Bhd., a company incorporated	in Malavsia, as the (	Company's ho	lding company.

## **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Messrs, HLB	Rierlum Chartered	Accountants have expr	essed their willingness	to continue in office

	Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors,
	Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng
Dated: 12 April 2017	
Klang	Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng

## Statement by Directors

We, STEVEN JUNIOR NG KWEE LENG and MALCOLM JEREMY NG KWEE SENG, being two of the Directors of A & M REALTY BERHAD, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the operations and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended on that date.

In the opinion of the Directors, the information set out in page 104 have been compiled in accordance with the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.	
	Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors,
	Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng
Dated: 12 April 2017	
Klang	Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng
STATUTORY DECLARATION	
I, MALCOLM JEREMY NG KWEE SENG, being the Director primarily responsible for BERHAD, do solemnly and sincerely declare that to the best of my knowledge and be are correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to Statutory Declarations Act 1960.	pelief the accompanying financial statements
	Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng
Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed <b>MALCOLM JEREMY NG KWEE SENG</b> at Klang on 12 April 2017	
Before me :	

**Commissioner for Oaths** 

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of A & M Realty Berhad

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### OPINION

We have audited the financial statements of A & M Realty Berhad, which comprise the Statements of Financial Position as at 31 December 2016 of the Group and of the Company, and the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Equity and Statements of Cash Flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 43 to 103.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2016, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### INDEPENDENCE AND OTHER ETHICAL RESPONSIBILITIES

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### 1. Property development revenue and profit recognition

#### The risk

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016, revenue from property development projects amounted to RM 36.7 million, representing 31.8% of the Group's total revenue.

The Group recognises property development revenue and cost based on the stage of completion. The stage of completion of the said projects are determined by the proportion that the actual property development costs incurred for work performed to date to the estimated total property development costs. The recognition of revenue and cost is therefore dependent on the Group's estimated gross development costs, which includes estimates and judgement by the Directors on costs to be incurred in the development.

There is a risk that the actual development costs are different to those estimates resulting in material variance in the amount of profit or loss recognised to date and in the current period.

#### Our response:

Our audit procedures included the following:

- evaluated management's controls relating to revenue recognition including the determination of the percentage of completion and timing of revenue recognition;
- · tested the Group's controls by verifying approvals over budgets setting and authorising and recording of costs;
- assessed management's estimates on budgeted costs to be incurred including corroboration of historical budgets with actual costs incurred;
- recomputed stage of completion determined by management for revenue recognition based on verified actual costs incurred to-date and budgeted costs; and
- assessed estimated total costs to completion through enquiries with operational and financial personnel of the Group and verified documentation to support the cost estimates.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of A & M Realty Berhad (Cont'd)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONT'D)**

#### 2. Impairment assessment of goodwill

#### The risk

We refer to Note 37(ii) and 17 to the Financial Statements.

As at 31 December 2016, goodwill arising on consolidation amounted to RM19.1 million after an accumulated impairment charge of RM1.9 million, which represents 2.2% of the Group's total assets. Additionally, goodwill arising on consolidation represents 69.1% of profit before tax.

The annual impairment testing of goodwill is considered to be a key audit matter due to the complexity of the accounting requirements and the significant judgement required in determining the assumptions to be used to estimate the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("CGU"), which is based on the higher of the fair value less costs to sell or value in use, has been derived from fair value models or discounted forecast cash flow models. These models use several key assumptions, including estimates of market price of properties, gross margin, growth rate, discount rate and terminal growth rate.

#### Our response:

We focused our testing of the impairment assessment of goodwill on the key assumptions made by the management. Our audit procedures included:

- evaluating the appropriateness of the assumptions applied to key inputs such as market price of properties, gross margin, long-term growth rate, discount rate and terminal growth rate, which included comparing these inputs with externally derived data as well as our own assessments based on our knowledge of the client and the industry; and
- evaluating the adequacy of the financial statements disclosures, including disclosures of key assumptions, judgements and sensitivities.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report which arose from the audit of the financial statements of the Company.

#### INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of A & M Realty Berhad (Cont'd)

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the
  Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of A & M Realty Berhad (Cont'd)

#### REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (CONT'D)

- b) We are satisfied that the accounts of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- c) The audit reports on the accounts of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

#### OTHER REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

The supplementary information set out on page 104 is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and is not part of the financial statements. The directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

#### **OTHER MATTERS**

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

HLB LER LUM
AF 0276
Chartered Accountants

DATO' LER CHENG CHYE 00871/03/2019 J Chartered Accountant

Dated: 12 April 2017 Kuala Lumpur

# Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the Financial Year Ended 31 December 2016

			Group		npany
	Note	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
Revenue	3	115,330,858	122,181,764	38,934	92,265
Cost of sales	4	(65,539,797)	(70,061,249)	(9,868)	(10,113)
Gross profit		49,791,061	52,120,515	29,066	82,152
Other operating income	5	3,797,376	4,950,122	-	-
Selling & distribution costs		(168,765)	(272,711)	-	-
Administration expenses		(21,542,881)	(21,669,347)	(126,644)	(138,675)
Other operating expenses		(4,289,791)	(4,135,824)	-	-
Finance costs	6	(31,888)	(34,789)	-	-
Share of profit/(loss) of associated companies		62,219	(166,964)	-	-
Profit/(Loss) before tax	7	27,617,331	30,791,002	(97,578)	(56,523)
Income tax expense	9	(6,742,740)	(5,164,784)	30	(704)
Profit/(Loss) for the year		20,874,591	25,626,218	(97,548)	(57,227)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		20,874,591	25,626,218	(97,548)	(57,227)
Attributable to :					
Equity holders of the Company		19,681,930	23,536,004	(97,548)	(57,227)
Non-controlling interests		1,192,661	2,090,214	-	-
		20,874,591	25,626,218	(97,548)	(57,227)
Earnings per share for profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company (sen)	10	5.39	6.45		

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Statements of Financial Position as at 31 December 2016

		Group			Company
	Note	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Property, plant & equipment	11	153,377,641	150,664,365	678,020	689,710
Investment properties	12	58,508,499	59,797,951	-	-
Investment in subsidiaries	13	-	-	348,237,550	348,237,550
Investment in associated companies	14	1,544,632	1,482,413	-	-
Land held for property development	15	116,425,125	116,238,356	-	-
Other investments	16	100,885	100,885	150,982	150,982
Goodwill	17	19,085,213	19,085,213	-	-
Fixed deposits	18	2,385,229	1,887,347	-	-
Deferred tax assets	19	716,459	663,959	-	-
Biological assets	20	3,414,395	3,414,395	-	-
		355,558,078	353,334,884	349,066,552	349,078,242
Current assets		-			
Inventories	21	66,432,809	70,825,005	-	-
Property development costs	22	338,088,618	297,737,699	-	-
Trade & other receivables	23	27,917,402	33,407,917	8,817	8,453
Other current assets	24	9,673,227	6,343,785	-	-
Amount due from related parties	26	-	-	8,479,876	9,022,857
Income tax assets		2,091,239	1,871,911	274,684	280,666
Fixed deposits	18	43,289,455	39,340,784	-	799,637
Cash & bank balances	27	20,822,814	19,952,731	88,132	21,396
		508,315,564	469,479,832	8,851,509	10,133,009
Total assets		863,873,642	822,814,716	357,918,061	359,211,251

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Statements of Financial Position as at 31 December 2016 (Cont'd)

			-		Company	
	Note	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity attributable to owners of parent						
Share capital	28	182,531,900	182,531,900	182,531,900	182,531,900	
Share premium	29	35,073,512	35,073,512	35,073,512	35,073,512	
Retained earnings		399,073,112	379,391,182	28,746,216	28,843,764	
		616,678,524	596,996,594	246,351,628	246,449,176	
Non-controlling interests		23,685,371	22,492,710	-	-	
Total equity		640,363,895	619,489,304	246,351,628	246,449,176	
Non-current liabilities						
Finance lease liabilities	30	688,632	540,483	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities	19	66,063,723	66,170,092	-	-	
Total non-current liabilities		66,752,355	66,710,575	-	-	
Current liabilities						
Trade & other payables	31	68,648,238	13,724,456	66,618	67,260	
Other current liabilities	32	32,806,462	40,460,074	-	-	
Finance lease liabilities	30	211,280	159,662	-	-	
Amount due to related parties	26	54,001,453	81,487,213	111,499,815	112,694,815	
Income tax liabilities		1,089,959	783,432	-	-	
Total current liabilities		156,757,392	136,614,837	111,566,433	112,762,075	
Total liabilities		223,509,747	203,325,412	111,566,433	112,762,075	
Total equity and liabilities		863,873,642	822,814,716	357,918,061	359,211,251	

## Statements of Changes in Equity for the Financial Year Ended 31 December 2016

Group	Share capital	——Attributable to Non-distributable Share premium RM	Attributable to owners of the parent - listributable Distributable Share Retained premium earnings RM RM	Total RM	Non-controlling interests RM	Total equity RM
Balance at 1 January 2015	182,531,900	35,073,512	361,331,135	578,936,547	20,402,496	599,339,043
Total comprehensive income for the year	ı	ı	23,536,004	23,536,004	2,090,214	25,626,218
Dividend paid	•	•	(5,475,957)	(5,475,957)	,	(5,475,957)
Balance at 31 December 2015	182,531,900	35,073,512	379,391,182	596,996,594	22,492,710	619,489,304
Total comprehensive income for the year	ı	,	19,681,930	19,681,930	1,192,661	20,874,591
Balance at 31 December 2016	182,531,900	35,073,512	399,073,112	616,678,524	23,685,371	640,363,895

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Statements of Changes in Equity for the Financial Year Ended 31 December 2016 (Cont'd)

Company	Share capital RM	Non-distributable Share premium RM	Distributable Retained earnings RM	Total RM
Balance at 1 January 2015	182,531,900	35,073,512	34,376,948	251,982,360
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(57,227)	(57,227)
Dividend paid	-	-	(5,475,957)	(5,475,957)
Balance at 31 December 2015	182,531,900	35,073,512	28,843,764	246,449,176
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(97,548)	(97,548)
Balance at 31 December 2016	182,531,900	35,073,512	28,746,216	246,351,628

## Statements of Cash Flows for the Financial Year Ended 31 December 2016

	Group		Company	
	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit/(Loss) before tax	27,617,331	30,791,002	(97,578)	(56,523)
Adjustments for :				
Bad debt written off	88,703	85,877	-	-
Biological asset written off	-	412,518	-	-
Depreciation	4,814,969	5,209,553	11,690	11,690
Dividend income	(1,473)	(1,489)	(1,443)	(1,443)
Impairment loss on				
- trade receivables (net)	85,819	27,533	-	-
Interest expense	31,888	34,789	-	-
Interest income	(2,329,290)	(1,933,428)	(15,491)	(24,822)
Inventories write-down (net)	67,043	7,555	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant & equipment (net)	(19,539)	-	-	-
Property, plant & equipment written off	2,597	2,452	-	-
Share of (profit)/loss of associated companies	(62,219)	166,964	-	-
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange	(10,489)	(3,158)	-	-
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	30,285,340	34,800,168	(102,822)	(71,098)

# Statements of Cash Flows for the Financial Year Ended 31 December 2016 (Cont'd)

	Group		Co	Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Inventories	4,325,153	11,003,009	-	-	
Property development costs	(40,350,919)	(2,770,477)	-	-	
Receivables	5,315,993	7,864,451	(364)	-	
Other current assets	(3,329,442)	(1,597,028)	-	-	
Payables	54,934,271	(10,169,220)	(642)	(57,338)	
Other current liabilities	(7,653,612)	3,920,535	-	-	
Inter-company balances	(27,485,760)	(27,896,957)	(652,019)	5,583,932	
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	16,041,024	15,154,481	(755,847)	5,455,496	
Dividends received	1,473	1,489	1,443	1,443	
Interest received	2,329,290	1,933,428	15,491	24,822	
Interest paid	(31,888)	(34,789)	-	-	
Income tax paid	(7,588,218)	(11,392,886)	(6,068)	(15,100)	
Income tax refunded	773,808	117,688	12,080	18,671	
Net cash from/(absorbed by) operating activities	11,525,489	5,779,411	(732,901)	5,485,332	

## Statements of Cash Flows for the Financial Year Ended 31 December 2016 (Cont'd)

	Group		Co	Company	
	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Acquisition of new associated company	-	(300,000)	-	-	
Development expenditure incurred	(186,769)	(17,135,298)	-	-	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant & equipment	22,410	-	-	-	
Purchase of property, plant & equipment	(5,759,546)	(2,508,064)	-	-	
Purchase of investment properties	(121,715)	(55,637)	-	-	
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,045,620)	(19,998,999)	-	-	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Dividend paid	-	(5,475,957)	-	(5,475,957)	
Net repayment of finance lease payables	(163,233)	(119,145)	-	-	
Placement of fixed deposits under lien	(497,882)	(29,451)	-	-	
Repayment of bills payables	-	(396,788)	-	-	
Net cash used in financing activities	(661,115)	(6,021,341)	-	(5,475,957)	
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	4,818,754	(20,240,929)	(732,901)	9,375	
Cash and cash equivalents brought forward	59,293,515	79,534,444	821,033	811,658	
Cash and cash equivalents carried forward	64,112,269	59,293,515	88,132	821,033	

# Statements of Cash Flows for the Financial Year Ended 31 December 2016 (Cont'd)

		Group	Company	
	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STA	<b>TEMENTS</b>			
(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:				
Fixed deposits	45,674,684	41,228,131	-	799,637
Cash & bank balances	20,822,814	19,952,731	88,132	21,396
	66,497,498	61,180,862	88,132	821,033
Less : Fixed deposits under lien	(2,385,229)	(1,887,347)	-	-
	64,112,269	59,293,515	88,132	821,033
(b) Analysis of acquisition of property, plant & ec	juipment :			
			2016	Group 2015
			RM	RM
Cash			5,759,546	2,508,064
Finance lease			363,000	228,800
		-	6,122,546	2,736,864

### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The principal activities of the Company are those of an investment holding and management company. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 13 to the Financial Statements.

The Company is a limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Market of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The address of the registered office of the Company is as follows:

36A, Lorong Gelugor Off Persiaran Sultan Ibrahim 41300 Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan

The address of the principal place of business of the Company is as follows:

10th Floor, Menara A & M Garden Business Centre 3 Jalan Istana 41000 Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost convention (unless stated otherwise in the significant accounting policies below) and comply with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia.

The preparation of financial statements are in conformity with the Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 requires the Directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 37 to the Financial Statements.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is the Group's and the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (b) Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted by the Group and the Company are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the following Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS") and Amendments to FRSs

Annual improvements to FRSs 2012-2014 cycle

Amendments to FRS 11 Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations

Amendments to FRS 116 Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation

and FRS 138

Amendments to FRS 10 Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture

and FRS 128

Amendments to FRS 127 Equity method in separate financial statements

FRS 14 Regulatory deferral accounts

Amendments to FRS 101 Disclosure initiative
Amendments to FRS 10, Investment entities: Applying the consolidation exception

FRS 12 and FRS 128

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (b) Changes in accounting policies (Cont'd)

The adoption of these amended FRS did not result in substantial changes to the accounting policies of the Group and the Company and had no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior financial years.

#### (c) Standards issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Group and the Company has not adopted the following standards and interpretations that have been issued but not yet effective:

	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to FRS 12, Annual improvements to FRS Standards 2014 - 2016 cycle	1 January 2017
Amendments to FRS 107, Statement of cash flows on disclosure initiative	1 January 2017
Amendments to FRS 112, 'Income taxes' on Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses	1 January 2017
FRS 9 Financial instruments	1 January 2018

The initial application of the above are expected to have no significant impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company in the period of initial application except for the following:

#### (i) FRS 9 Financial instruments

The complete version of FRS 9 replaces most of the guidance in FRS 139. FRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes three primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortised cost, fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) and fair value through Profit or Loss. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Investments in equity instruments are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss with the irrevocable option at inception to present changes in fair value in OCI. There is now a new expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used in FRS 139.

For financial liabilities, there were no changes to classification and measurement except for the recognition of changes in own credit risk in other comprehensive income, for liabilities designated at fair value, through profit or loss. FRS 9 relaxes the requirements for hedge effectiveness by replacing the bright line hedge effectiveness tests. It requires an economic relationship between the hedged item and hedging instrument and for the 'hedged ratio' to be the same as the one management actually use for risk management purposes. Contemporaneous documentations is still required by is different to that currently prepared under FRS 139.

This amendment is not expected to have any significant impact on the financial statements of the Group.

### (d) Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard ("MFRS")

On 19 November 2011, the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) issued a new MASB approved accounting framework, the MFRS Framework.

The MFRS Framework is to be applied by all entities other than private entities for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012, with the exception of entities that are within the scope of MFRS 141 Agriculture (MFRS 141) and IC Interpretation 15 Agreements for Construction of Real Estate (IC 15), including its parent, significant investor and venturer (herein called 'Transitioning Entities'). Transitioning Entities will be allowed to defer adoption of the new MFRS Framework. Consequently, adoption of the MFRS Framework by Transitioning Entities will be mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. Early application of MFRS is permitted.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (d) Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard ("MFRS") (Cont'd)

The Group and the Company fall within the scope definition of Transitioning Entities and have opted to defer adoption of MFRS Framework. Accordingly, the Group and the Company will be required to prepare financial statements using the MFRS Framework in its first MFRS financial statements for the financial year ending 31 December 2018.

The Group and the Company are in the process of assessing the financial effects of the differences between the accounting standards under Financial Reporting Standards and under the MFRS Framework. Based on preliminary assessment, the initial application of the above are expected to have no significant impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company in the period of initial application except for the following:

#### (i) MFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

MFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers deals with revenue recognition and establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers.

Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of a good or service and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service. The core principle of MFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognises revenue in accordance with that core principle by applying the following steps:

- Step 1 : Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligation in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

The standard replaces MFRS 118 Revenue and MFRS 111 Construction contracts and related interpretations. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 and earlier application is permitted. The Group is assessing the impact of MFRS 15.

# (ii) Amendments to MFRS 116 Property, plant and equipment and MFRS 141 Agriculture regarding bearer plants

These amendments change the reporting for bearer plants, such as oil palms, rubber trees and grape vines. Bearer plants should be accounted for in the same way as property, plant and equipment because their operation is similar to that of manufacturing. The amendments include them in the scope of MFRS 116 rather than MFRS 141.

#### (iii) MFRS 16 Leases

MFRS 16 'Leases' supersedes MFRS 117 'Leases' and the related interpretations. Under MFRS 16, a lease is a contract (or part of a contract) that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. MFRS 16 eliminates the classification of leases by the lessee as either finance leases (on balance sheet) or operating leases (off balance sheet). MFRS 16 requires a lessee to recognise a "right-of-use" of the underlying asset and a lease liability reflecting future lease payments for most leases. The right-of-use asset is depreciated in accordance with the principle in MFRS 116 'Property, Plant and Equipment' and the lease liability is accreted over time with interest expense recognised in the income statement. For lessors, MFRS 16 retains most of the requirements in MFRS 117. Lessors continue to classify all leases as either operating leases or finance leases and account for them differently. MFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019, with early application permitted provided MFRS 15 is also applied.

#### (e) Property, plant & equipment and depreciation

Property, plant & equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (e) Property, plant & equipment and depreciation (Cont'd)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Freehold land are not amortised whilst assets under construction are not depreciated. Depreciation for assets under construction will only be charged when the construction of the assets are completed for their intended use.

Depreciation on all other property, plant & equipment is calculated on the straight line basis at rates required to write off the cost of the property, plant & equipment over their estimated useful lives.

The principal annual rates of depreciation used are as follows:

	%
Leasehold land	1.02 - 1.20
Buildings	1.02 - 2.00
Vehicles	12.50 - 25.00
Plant & machinery	10.00 - 25.00
Furniture, fittings & equipment	10.00 - 33.33

Residual value, useful life and depreciation method of assets are reviewed at each financial year-end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant & equipment.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with net carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (f) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets, other than inventories, construction contract assets and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the amount of impairment loss.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there is separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss immediately, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease to the extent of previously recognised revaluation surplus for the same asset.

Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. In respect of other assets, any subsequent increase in the recoverable amount of an asset is treated as reversal of the previous impairment loss and is recognised to the extent of the carrying amount of the asset that would have been determined (net of amortisation and depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised. The reversal is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount. A reversal of an impairment loss on a revalued asset is credited directly to revaluation surplus. However, to the extent that an impairment loss on the same revalued asset was previously recognised as an expense in profit or loss, a reversal of that impairment loss is recognised as income in profit or loss.

#### (g) Investment properties

Investment properties, principally comprising land and buildings are held for rental income or for capital appreciation or both, and are not occupied by the Group.

Investment properties are stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

No depreciation is provided for freehold land.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (g) Investment properties (Cont'd)

Depreciation on other investment properties is calculated on the straight line basis at rates required to write off the cost of the investment properties over their estimated useful lives.

The principal annual rate of depreciation used is as follows:

Buildings 1.08% - 4.00%

Upon disposal of an investment property, or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal, it shall be derecognised. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss in the period of retirement or disposal.

#### (h) Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests are that part of the net results of operations and of net assets of a subsidiary attributable to the interests which are not owned directly or indirectly by the equity holders of the Company. They are shown separately in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statements of financial position. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the non-controlling interests based on their respective interests in a subsidiary, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary or business comprises the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

The excess of (a) the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previously-held equity interest in the acquiree over the (b) fair values of the identifiable assets acquired net of the fair values of the liabilities and any contingent liabilities assumed, is recorded as goodwill. Please refer to the paragraph "Goodwill" for the accounting policy on goodwill subsequent to initial recognition.

When a change in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary results in a loss of control over the subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary including any goodwill are derecognised. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are also reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained profits if required by a specific Standard.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (h) Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

Any retained equity interest in the entity is remeasured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained interest at the date when control is lost and its fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (i) Transactions with non-controlling interests

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control over the subsidiary are accounted for as transactions with equity owners of the Company. Any difference between the change in the carrying amounts of the non-controlling interest and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised within equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company.

#### (j) Investment in subsidiaries

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less accumulated impairment losses. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the difference between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (k) Investment in associated companies

In the Company's separate financial statements, investment in associated companies is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses in the Company's statement of financial position. On disposal of investments in associated companies, the difference between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments are recognised in profit or loss.

Associated companies are entities over which the Group has significant influence, but not control, generally accompanied by a shareholding giving rise to voting rights of 20% and above but not exceeding 50%.

Investments in associated companies are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting less impairment losses, if any.

#### (i) Acquisitions

Investments in associated companies are initially recognised at cost. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Goodwill on associated companies represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of the associate over the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the associate and is included in the carrying amount of the investments.

#### (ii) Equity method of accounting

In applying the equity method of accounting, the Group's share of its associated companies' post-acquisition profits or losses are recognised in profit or loss and its share of post-acquisition other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. These post-acquisition movements and distributions received from the associated companies are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investments. When the Group's share of losses in an associated company equals or exceeds its interest in the associated company, including any other unsecured noncurrent receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has obligations to make or has made payments on behalf of the associated company.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associated companies are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associated companies. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The accounting policies of associated companies have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (k) Investment in associated companies (Cont'd)

#### (iii) Disposals

Investments in associated companies are derecognised when the Group loses significant influence and any retained interest in the former associate is a financial asset. Such retained interest in the entity is remeasured at its fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained interest at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost and its fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains and losses arising from partial disposals or dilutions in investments in associated companies in which significant influence is retained are recognised in profit or loss.

### (I) Land held for property development

Land held for property development is stated at cost of acquisition including the purchase price of the land, professional fees, stamp duties, commissions, conversion fees and other related costs incurred subsequent to the acquisition on activities necessary to prepare the land for its intended use.

Land held for property development consists of land where no development activities have been carried out or where development activities are not expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle. Such land is classified within non-current assets and is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Where the Group had previously recorded the land at revalued amount, it continues to retain this amount as its surrogate cost as allowed by FRS 201. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the asset is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment losses is in accordance with Note 2(f).

Land held for property development is reclassified as property development costs at the point when development activities have commenced and where it can be demonstrated that the development activities can be completed within the normal operating cycle.

#### (m) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired is allocated, from the acquisition date, to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the cash-generating unit may be impaired, by comparing the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit, including the allocated goodwill, with the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised for goodwill are not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that cash-generating unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative fair values of the operations disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

## (n) Income tax and deferred tax

Income tax on profit or loss for the financial year comprises current and deferred tax.

Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the financial year and is measured using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the amounts attributable to assets and liabilities for tax purposes and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (n) Income tax and deferred tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

#### (o) Biological assets

#### Plantation development expenditure

New planting expenditure, which represents total costs incurred from land clearing to the point of harvesting, is capitalised as plantation development expenditure under biological assets and is not amortised. Replanting expenditure, which represents cost incurred in replanting old planted areas, is charged to profit or loss in the financial year it is incurred.

#### (p) Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

When the financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group and the Company determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition, and the categories include loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The Group and the Company does not have any held-to-maturity financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (i) Loans and receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. The Group's and the Company's loans and receivables comprise receivables, deposits, cash and bank balances.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process. Loans and receivables are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current.

#### (ii) Available for sale financial assets

Available for sale financial assets are financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified in any other categories of financial assets. The Group's available for sale financial assets comprise investments.

After initial recognition, available for sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income, except that impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on available for sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Investments in equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less impairment loss.

Available for sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets unless they are expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (p) Financial assets (Cont'd)

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require the delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on the trade date i.e. the date that the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

#### (q) Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired.

#### (i) Trade and other receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred, the Group and the Company consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments. For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis based on similar risk characteristics. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's and the Company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

### (ii) Available for sale financial assets

Significant or prolonged decline in fair value below cost, significant financial difficulties of the issuer or obligor, and the disappearance of an active trading market are considerations to determine whether there is objective evidence that non-current investments classified as available for sale financial assets are impaired.

If an available for sale financial asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in profit or loss, is transferred from equity to profit or loss.

Impairment losses on available for sale equity investments are not reversed in profit or loss in the subsequent periods. Increase in fair value, if any, subsequent to impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### (iii) Unquoted equity securities carried at cost

If there is objective evidence (such as significant adverse changes in the business environment where the issuer operates, probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the issuer) that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial assets. Such impairment losses are not reversed in subsequent periods.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (r) Inventories

#### (i) Completed property units & odd lot land

Completed property units and odd lot land held for resale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost of completed property units is determined using an appropriate basis of allocation and consists of land costs, construction costs and related expenses.

#### (ii) Raw materials, production supplies, work-in-progress & finished goods

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Inventories cost is determined on the weighted average or first-in-first-out method.

Cost includes the cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

The cost of finished goods and work-in-progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and an appropriate proportion of production overheads (based on normal operating capacity).

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

#### (s) Property development costs

Property development costs comprise costs associated with the acquisition of land and all costs that are directly attributable to development activities or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to such activities.

Property development revenue are recognised for all units sold using the percentage of completion method, by reference to the stage of completion of the property development projects at the reporting date as measured by the proportion that development costs incurred for work performed to-date bear to the estimated total property development costs on completion.

When the financial outcome of a property development activity cannot be estimated reliably, property development revenue is recognised to the extent of property development costs incurred that is probable of recovery.

Any anticipated loss on property development projects (including costs to be incurred over the defects liability period), is recognised as an expense immediately.

Property development costs not recognised as an expense is recognised as an asset and is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The excess of property development revenue recognised in profit or loss over billings to purchasers is classified as accrued billings and the excess of billings to purchasers over property development revenue recognised in profit or loss is classified as progress billings.

### (t) Construction contracts

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be reliably estimated, contract revenue and contract costs are recognised as revenue and expenses respectively by using the stage of completion method. The stage of completion is measured by reference to the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date to the estimated total contract costs.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be reliably estimated, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (t) Construction contracts (Cont'd)

When the total of costs incurred on construction contracts plus, recognised profits (less recognised losses), exceeds progress billings, the balance is classified as amount due from customers on contracts. When progress billings exceed costs incurred plus, recognised profits (less recognised losses), the balance is classified as amount due to customers on contracts.

#### (u) Share capital

Ordinary shares are recorded at the nominal value and proceeds in excess of the nominal value of shares issued, if any, are accounted for as share premium. Both ordinary shares and share premium are classified as equity. Cost incurred directly attributable to the issuance of shares are accounted for as a deduction from share premium. Otherwise they are charged to profit or loss.

Dividends to shareholders are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

#### Purchase of own shares

Shares repurchased by the Company are held as treasury shares and are accounted for on the cost method. The amount of the consideration paid, including directly attributable costs, is recognised as cost and set off against equity. Should such shares be cancelled, reissued or disposed of, their nominal amounts will be eliminated, and the differences between their cost and nominal amounts will be taken to reserves, as appropriate. Where the treasury shares are subsequently distributed as dividends to shareholders, the cost of the treasury shares is applied as reduction of the share premium account or the distributable retained profits or both.

#### (v) Leases

#### (i) Finance leases - the Group as lessee

Leases where the Group assumes substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased assets are classified as finance leases.

The leased assets and the corresponding lease liabilities (net of finance charges) under finance leases are recognised on the Statements of Financial Position as property, plant & equipment and borrowings respectively, at the inception of the leases based on the lower of the fair value of the leased assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Each lease payment is apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding lease liability. The finance expense is recognised in profit or loss on a basis that reflects a constant periodic rate of interest on the finance lease liability.

Leasehold land which in substance is a finance lease is classified as property, plant and equipment.

#### (ii) Operating leases - the Group as lessee

Leases of assets where substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership are retained by the lessors are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessors) are recognised in profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### (iii) Operating leases - the Group as lessor

Leases of properties where the Group retains substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessees) is recognised in profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (w) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangement entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of FRS 139, are recognised in the Statements of Financial Position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (w) Financial liabilities (Cont'd)

#### Other financial liabilities

The Group's and the Company's other financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and loans and borrowings.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group and the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

For other financial liabilities, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (x) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the future economic benefits will flow to the Group and these benefits can be reliably measured. The specific recognition criteria for revenue are as follows:

#### (i) Property development projects

Revenue from property development projects is accounted for by the stage of completion method as described in Note 2(s) of the Financial Statements.

#### (ii) Construction contracts

Revenue from construction contracts is accounted for by the stage of completion method as described in Note 2(t) of the Financial Statements.

#### (iii) Sale of goods, sale of completed units and sale of plantation produce and related products

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration receivable and is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyers.

#### (iv) Rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. The stage of completion is assessed by reference to the proportion that costs incurred to date that reflect services performed bear to the total estimated costs of the transaction. Where the outcome of the transaction cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

#### (v) Rental income

Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessees) is recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (vi) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as the interest income accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the asset.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (x) Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

#### (vii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established.

#### (y) Borrowing costs

Interest on borrowings incurred to finance the construction of property, plant & equipment is capitalised as part of the cost of assets during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the assets for its intended use. Interest on borrowings incurred to finance property development activities and construction contracts are accounted for in a similar manner. All other interest on borrowings is expensed.

Interest, dividends, losses and gains relating to a financial instrument, or a component part, classified as a liability is reported within finance cost in profit or loss.

#### (z) Employee benefits

#### (i) Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, social security contributions, paid annual leave, paid sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are recognised as an expense in the financial year when employees have rendered their services to the Group.

Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised as expenses when employees render services that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

Bonuses are recognised as an expense when there is a present, legal or constructive obligation to make such payments, as a result of past events and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

#### (ii) Post-employment benefits

#### Defined contribution plan

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group and the Company pay fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The Group's and the Company's contributions to a defined contribution plan are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group and the Company have no further payment obligations.

### (aa) Foreign currency

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is also the Group's and the Company's functional currency.

#### (ii) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (ab) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand, balances and deposits with financial institutions which have an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the Statements of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts and pledged deposits.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (ac) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

#### 3. REVENUE

	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Property development projects	36,658,700	29,683,500	-	-
Sale of goods	43,031,594	48,047,781	-	-
Sale of completed units	8,111,600	15,580,000	-	-
Rendering of services	10,578,498	12,291,370	-	-
Rental income from				
- investment properties	7,875,451	7,812,968	-	-
- other properties	3,503,703	3,871,817	22,000	66,000
Sale of plantation produce and related products	4,945,935	4,138,111	-	-
Construction contracts	579,274	693,965	-	-
Interest income	44,660	60,809	15,491	24,822
Dividend income				
- Quoted investment, in Malaysia	1,443	1,443	1,443	1,443
	115,330,858	122,181,764	38,934	92,265

#### 4. COST OF SALES

	Group		Com	pany
	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
Property development costs	13,743,801	10,932,861	-	-
Cost of inventories	38,420,327	44,704,189	-	-
Construction contracts costs	485,862	570,235	-	-
Cost of services rendered & other direct operating costs	12,889,807	13,853,964	9,868	10,113
	65,539,797	70,061,249	9,868	10,113

## 5. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	Group			Company
	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
Included in other operating income are the following :				
Dividend income				
- Quoted investment, in Malaysia	30	46	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant & equipment	21,091	-	-	-
Gain on foreign exchange				
- realised	80,830	24,536	-	-
- unrealised	10,489	3,158	-	-
Interest income	2,284,630	1,872,619	-	-
Maintenance income	225,600	284,400	-	-
Rental income from other properties	626,482	565,962	-	-

## 6. FINANCE COSTS

		Group
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Bank overdraft interest	1,003	1,000
Bills payables interest	617	8,665
Finance lease interest	30,268	25,124
	31,888	34,789

## 7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX

	2016 RM	Group 2015 RM	2016 RM	Company 2015 RM
Profit/(Loss) before tax is stated after charging except as disclosed in other notes :				
Auditors' remuneration				
- statutory				
- current financial year	272,300	295,373	22,000	22,000
- (over)/under provision in prior financi	al year <b>(5,594)</b>	14,899	-	2,000
- others	6,000	21,000	3,000	3,000
Bad debts written off	88,703	85,877	-	-
Biological assets written off	-	412,518	-	-
Depreciation	4,814,969	5,209,553	11,690	11,690
Directors' remuneration				
- fees	120,000	120,000	-	-
- emoluments	2,384,154	2,431,516	-	-
Impairment loss on				
- trade and other receivables - net	85,819	27,533	-	-
Inventories write-down - net	67,043	7,555	-	-
Loss on disposal of property, plant & equipment	1,552	-	-	-
Loss on foreign exchange				
- realised	5,894	104,888	-	-
Property, plant & equipment written off	2,597	2,452	-	-
Rental of equipment	32,516	32,109	-	-
Rental of premises	335,884	317,430	-	-

Direct operating expenses from investment properties that generated rental income of the Group during the financial year amounted to RM2,681,216 (2015: RM2,532,625).

Direct operating expenses from investment properties that did not generate rental income of the Group during the financial year amounted to RM3,622 (2015: RM3,622).

### 8. EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

		Group
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Salaries, wages & bonus	13,832,269	13,553,602
Defined contribution plan benefits	1,294,496	1,265,547
Other benefits	1,153,124	1,470,292
	16,279,889	16,289,441

Included in employee compensation of the Group are executive directors' remuneration amounting to RM2,453,814 (2015: RM2,501,176).

#### 9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Group		Comp	oany
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Malaysian current income tax	6,918,866	8,840,564	-	700
(Over)/Under provision in prior financial years	(17,257)	106,685	(30)	4
Deferred tax (Note 19) - origination and reversal of				
temporary differences	(158,869)	(233,192)	-	-
- impact of change in tax rate	-	(3,549,273)	-	-
_	6,742,740	5,164,784	(30)	704

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit/(loss) before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Group and of the Company is as follows:

		Group	C	ompany
	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
Profit/(Loss) before tax	27,617,331	30,791,002	(97,578)	(56,523)
Income tax using Malaysian tax rate of 24% (2015 : 25%)	6,628,159	7,697,751	(23,419)	(14,131)
Non deductible expenses	475,088	249,018	23,765	15,191
(Over)/Under provision in prior financial years	(17,257)	106,685	(30)	4
Tax effect of unrecognised deferred tax	(213,843)	750,674	-	-
Income not subject to tax	(353)	(372)	(346)	(360)
Utilisation of investment tax allowance	(129,054)	(89,699)	-	-
Re-measurement of deferred tax – change in tax rate	-	(3,549,273)	-	-
_	6,742,740	5,164,784	(30)	704

#### 9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONT'D)

The Company may distribute dividends out of its entire retained earnings as at 31 December 2016 under single-tier system.

In addition, the Company has tax exempt income as at 31 December 2016 arising from the exempt dividend income and Income Tax (Amendment) Act 1999, relating to tax on income earned in 1999 being waived amounting to approximately RM11,392,000 (2015: RM11,392,000) available for distribution as tax exempt dividends to shareholders. This tax exempt income is subject to agreement by the Inland Revenue Board.

### 10. EARNINGS PER SHARE ("EPS")

#### **Basic EPS**

Basic EPS of the Group is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

	2016 RM	Group 2015 RM
Profit for the year attributable to owners (RM)	19,681,930	23,536,004
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	365,063,800	365,063,800
Basic EPS (sen)	5.39	6.45

11. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

2016 Group	Freehold land RM	Leasehold land RM	Buildings RM	Vehicles RM	Plant & machinery RM	Furniture, fittings & equipment RM	Assets under construction RM	Total RM
Cost								
At 1.1.2016	46,408,693	4,256,765	81,270,293	8,048,099	14,536,355	15,538,594	24,332,558	194,391,357
Additions	46,014	54,241	330,000	574,435	808,798	1,788,456	2,520,602	6,122,546
Disposal	•	ı	•	(184,012)	(24,000)	(4,788)	1	(212,800)
Written off	ı	ı	1	ı	(1,276,691)	(2,098,865)	1	(3,375,556)
Transfer on commissioning	ı	ı	13,294,733	ı	ı	ı	(13,294,733)	ı
At 31.12.2016	46,454,707	4,311,006	94,895,026	8,438,522	14,044,462	15,223,397	13,558,427	196,925,547
Accumulated Depreciation								
At 1.1.2016	1	505,435	14,108,469	6,908,758	11,979,661	10,224,669	ı	43,726,992
Charges during the year	•	44,404	1,461,121	489,380	611,833	797,064	1	3,403,802
Disposal	•	•	•	(182,027)	(23,999)	(3,903)	1	(206'602)
Written off	ı	ı	ı	ı	(1,276,499)	(2,096,460)	ı	(3,372,959)
At 31.12.2016	1	549,839	15,569,590	7,216,111	11,290,996	8,921,370	ı	43,547,906
Net Book Value At 31.12.2016	46,454,707	3,761,167	79,325,436	1,222,411	2,753,466	6,302,027	13,558,427	153,377,641

PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

2015 Group	Freehold land RM	Leasehold land RM	Buildings RM	Vehicles RM	Plant & machinery RM	Furniture, fittings & equipment RM	Assets under construction RM	Total RM
Cost								
At 1.1.2015	46,401,983	4,256,765	80,811,436	7,624,062	14,087,926	14,761,256	23,801,190	191,744,618
Additions	6,710	1	458,857	424,037	453,651	862,241	531,368	2,736,864
Written off	ı	ı	ı	ı	(5,222)	(84,903)	1	(90,125)
At 31.12.2015	46,408,693	4,256,765	81,270,293	8,048,099	14,536,355	15,538,594	24,332,558	194,391,357
Accumulated Depreciation								
At 1.1.2015	ı	461,805	12,721,044	6,361,474	11,265,585	9,572,494	1	40,382,402
Charges during the year	ı	43,630	1,387,425	547,284	719,292	734,632	1	3,432,263
Written off	ı	ı	ı	ı	(5,216)	(82,457)	1	(87,673)
At 31.12.2015	1	505,435	14,108,469	6,908,758	11,979,661	10,224,669	1	43,726,992
Net Book Value At 31.12.2015	46,408,693	3,751,330	67,161,824	1,139,341	2,556,694	5,313,925	24,332,558	150,664,365

## 11. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

2016 Company	Freehold b	ouilding
	2016 RM	2015 RM
At cost		
At beginning of the financial year	876,750	876,750
Addition	-	-
Disposal	-	-
At end of the financial year	876,750	876,750
Less: Accumulated depreciation		
At beginning of the financial year	187,040	175,350
Charge for the financial year	11,690	11,690
At end of the financial year	198,730	187,040
Net Book Value	678,020	689,710

The net book value of motor vehicles of the Group held under finance leases are RM680,475 (2015: RM601,998) at the reporting date.

#### 12. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	2016 RM	Group 2015 RM
At cost		
At beginning of the financial year	65,003,321	64,947,684
Addition	121,715	55,637
At end of the financial year	65,125,036	65,003,321
Less: Accumulated depreciation		
At beginning of the financial year	5,205,370	3,428,080
Charge for the financial year	1,411,167	1,777,290
At end of the financial year	6,616,537	5,205,370
Carrying amounts	58,508,499	59,797,951

The investment property with carrying amounts of RM1,698,766 (2015: RM1,698,766) has been pledged to a financial institution for banking facilities granted to the Group.

As at 31 December 2016, the Directors have appraised the fair value of the land and buildings to be RM122,714,000 (2015: RM92,873,000).

The fair value of Group's investment properties are valued based on sale comparison approach and unobservable inputs and classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The different levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined in Note 40(c) to the Financial Statements.

During the current financial year, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements.

Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 fair values as follow:

Level 2 fair values of the Company's properties have been generally derived using the sales comparison approach. Sales prices of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size. The most significant input into this valuation approach is selling price per square meter.

#### 13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

(a) Investment in subsidiaries

		Company
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Unquoted shares		
·		
- at cost	196,719,950	196,719,950
- equity capital contribution	151,517,600	151,517,600
	348,237,550	348,237,550

## 13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

The subsidiaries, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:

Name of Company	Principal Activities		Effective Equity Interest	
		<b>2016</b> %	<b>2015</b> %	
Held by the Company:				
A & M Construction Sdn. Bhd.	Building construction, housing development, property management and investment holding	100	100	
A & M Development Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development, property management and investment holding	100	100	
A & M Modern Homes Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	100	100	
AMJ Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development, 100 property management and investment holding		100	
AMJ Properties Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	100	100	
Audimco Sdn. Bhd.	Property development and investment holding	100	100	
Epic Ventures Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	67.41	67.41	
Freshland Sdn. Berhad	Property development and related services	100	100	
Idaman Kalbu Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development and property management	94.50	94.50	
Lipat Ganda Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development and property management	94.50	94.50	
Makhosetia Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	100	
Pembinaan Kesentosaan Sdn. Bhd.	Housing and hotel development, property management, hotel and resort operator and related services	100	100	
Pillar Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development and property management	94.50	94.50	
Profail Padu Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	60.00	60.00	
Sri Utas Sdn. Bhd.	Hotel operator and related services	100	100	
Unik Sejati Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	100	100	
Welnexco Sdn. Bhd.	Inactive	69.00	69.00	

## 13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Name of Company Principal Activities		Effective Equity Interes 2016 2015 % %
Held through Idaman Kalbu Sdn. Bhd.:		
Villa Sentosa Management Sdn. Bhd.	Property management and investment holding	<b>94.50</b> 94.50
Held through AMJ Holdings Sdn. Bhd.:		
A & M Lifestyle Connections Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding and provision of management services	<b>100</b> 100
A & M Vision Builders Sdn. Bhd.	Property management and investment holding	<b>100</b> 100
EUI Professional Academy (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Cultivation and sale of oil palm fruits	<b>100</b> 100
Orange Mic Entertainment Sdn. Bhd.	Leisure and entertainment business	<b>100</b> 100
Puri Saksama Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	<b>100</b> 100
Vertipro Management Sdn. Bhd.	Managing and operating food and beverage	<b>100</b> 100
Viet Passion Sdn. Bhd.	Inactive	<b>62.00</b> 62.00
Held through Epic Ventures Sdn. Bhd.:		
E.V. Auto Cables Sdn. Bhd.	Inactive	<b>53.93</b> 53.93
E.V. Auto Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Trading and assembling of automotive horns and other related products	<b>38.52</b> 38.52
E.V. Brake Lining Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacturing and distribution of automotive brake lining products	<b>61.66</b> 61.66
E.V. Edaran Sdn. Bhd.	Trading of automotive products	<b>61.66</b> 61.66
E.V. Spark Plugs Sdn. Bhd.	Trading of spark plugs	<b>67.41</b> 67.41
Mitsinbo Sdn. Bhd.	Trading of automotive products	<b>67.41</b> 67.41

## 13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Name of Company	Principal Activities		Effective Equity Interest 2016 2015	
		%	%	
Held through Pembinaan Kesentosaan S	Sdn. Bhd.:			
A & M Auto Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	100	
A & M Resorts Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding, management of hotel and recreational facilities	100	100	
Bunut Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development and building construction	100	100	
Lanjut Perkasa Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development and property management	100	100	
Lockwell Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.	Property development and investment holding	100	100	
Penghantaran Bintang Jaya Sdn. Bhd.	Property development 100		100	
Saujana Springs Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	70.00	70.00	
Tasik Saujana Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding and hotel operations		100	
Tenaga Kilat Sdn. Bhd.	hotel operations  Property management and investment holding		100	
Tengku Mohd. Kamil Dan Ng Sendirian Berhad	Housing development and investment holding	100	100	
T.G. Industrial Park Sdn. Bhd.	Property management and investment holding	100	100	
Tour Haven Sdn. Bhd.	Property management and investment holding	100	100	
Held through Saujana Springs Sdn. Bhd	<u>.:</u>			
Tahap Kukuh Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	70.00	70.00	
Tetap Sejahtera Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	70.00	70.00	
Wasdiri Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	70.00	70.00	
Held through AMJ Properties Sdn. Bhd.:	<u>.</u>			
Lagenda Anggun Sdn. Bhd.	Property management and related services	100	100	

#### 13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Name of Company Principal Activities		Effective Equity Interest 2016 2015 % %
Held through Profail Padu Sdn. Bhd.:		
AA Industrial Capital Sdn. Bhd.	Plantation	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Amverton Carey Golf & Island Resort Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Amverton Cove Golf & Island Resort Sdn. Bhd.	Hotel operator and tourism related activities	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Carey Island Golf & Country Management Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Exemplary Resources Sdn. Bhd.	Tourism related activities and agriculture	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Farming Hub Sdn. Bhd.	Real estate activities	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Happy View Development Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Jetpalms Sdn. Bhd.	Real estate activities and property development	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Jewelacres Sdn. Bhd.	Real estate activities and property development	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Ladang Seri Permai Sdn. Bhd.	Real estate activities and property development	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Ladang YS (Selangor) Sdn. Bhd.	Cultivation and sale of oil palm fruits	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Precious Orchard Sdn. Bhd.	Tourism related activities and agriculture	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
Total Wellbeing Sdn. Bhd.	Real estate activities and property development	<b>60.00</b> 60.00
T.G. Development Park Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	<b>60.00</b> 60.00

All subsidiary undertakings are included in the consolidation. The proportion of the voting rights in the subsidiary undertakings held directly or indirectly by the parent company do not differ from the proportion of ordinary shares held.

The country of incorporation of subsidiary is also their place of principal place of business.

The accumulated non-controlling interest as at 31 December 2016 is RM23,685,371 (2015: RM22,492,710), of which RM10,631,120 (2015: RM10,297,860) is for Epic Ventures Sdn. Bhd. Group, RM12,695,596 (2015: RM11,830,017) is attributed to Profail Padu Sdn. Bhd. Group. The non-controlling interest in respect of Pillar Industries Sdn. Bhd., Lipat Ganda Sdn. Bhd., Idaman Kalbu Sdn. Bhd. Group, Saujana Springs Sdn. Bhd. Group, Viet Passion Sdn. Bhd. and Welnexco Sdn. Bhd. are not material.

## 13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Summarised financial information on subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

Set out below are the summarised financial information for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests ("NCI") that are material to the Group.

		2016		
	Profail Padu Group RM	Epic Ventures Group RM	Other individually immaterial subsidiaries RM	Total RM
NCI effective equity interest	40.00%	32.59%		
Carrying amount of NCI	12,695,596	10,631,120	358,655	23,685,371
Profit allocated to NCI	865,579	333,260	(6,178)	1,192,661

Summarised financial information before inter-company elimination

As at 31 December		
Non-current assets	65,703,400	4,303,896
Current assets	16,281,932	30,338,023
Non-current liabilities	(1,484,933)	(61,000)
Current liabilities	(46,397,448)	(3,695,041)
Net assets	34,102,951	30,885,878
Year ended 31 December		
Revenue	16,623,068	38,106,245
Profit for the year	2,163,947	909,284
Total comprehensive income	2,163,947	909,284
	-	
Cash flows (used in)/from operating acti	vities (797,661)	2,247,533
Cash flows used in investing activities	(1,209,420)	(204,061)
Cash flows used in financing activities	(10,336)	(18,022)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,017,417)	2,025,450
Dividend paid to NCI	-	-

### 13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

2	^	4	-
Z	u	н	Э

	Profail Padu Group RM	Epic Ventures Group RM	Other individually immaterial subsidiaries RM	Total RM
NCI effective equity interest	40.00%	32.59%		
Carrying amount of NCI	11,830,017	10,297,860	364,833	22,492,710
Profit allocated to NCI	1,902,629	194,748	(7,163)	2,090,214

Summarised financial information before inter-company elimination

<u>As at 31 l</u>	<u>December</u>
-------------------	-----------------

Non-current assets	65,918,972	4,167,607
Current assets	27,754,766	29,404,469
Non-current liabilities	(1,110,269)	(23,000)
Current liabilities	(60,624,465)	(3,609,406)
Net assets	31,939,004	29,939,670
Year ended 31 December		
Revenue	23,633,134	41,214,132
Profit for the year	4,756,572	839,101
Total comprehensive income	4,756,572	839,101
Cash flows from operating activities	6,549,207	3,862,378
Cash flows used in investing activities	(12,133,291)	(614,454)
Cash flows used in financing activities	(10,336)	(384,776)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(5,594,420)	2,863,148
Dividend paid to NCI	-	-

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in subsidiaries without losing control

There were no changes during the year (2015: Nil) in the Group's ownership interest in its significant subsidiaries.

#### (b) Amount due from/(to) subsidiaries

The amount due from/(to) subsidiaries pertains mainly to advances and payments on behalf. The outstanding amounts are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

#### 14. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

	Group	
	2016 RM	2015 RM
Unquoted shares, at cost 1,5	552,850	1,552,850
Share of post-acquisition loss	(8,218)	(70,437)
1,:	544,632	1,482,413

The associated companies, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:

Name of Company	Principal Activities	Effective Equ	ity Interest
		2016	2015
		%	%
^*Bunga Laut Sdn. Bhd.	Property development and property management	20	20
^*Ikatan Gembong Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	30	30
Held through Epic Ventures Sdn. Bhd.: *Sebangga Auto Sdn. Bhd.	Trading of vehicles, automotive products and other related services	30	30

<sup>\*</sup>Associated companies not audited by HLB Ler Lum

The associated companies listed above have share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares, which are held directly by the Group; the country of incorporation is also their principal place of business.

There are no contingent liabilities related to the Group's interest in the associated companies.

As indicated above, the financial year end of certain associated companies are not co-terminous with that of the Group. For the purpose of applying the equity method of accounting, these companies' unaudited financial statements made up to 31 December were used in conjunction with their audited financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June as the case may be.

The summarised financial information of the associated companies are as follows:

	2016 RM	Group 2015 RM
Non-current assets	1,469,068	1,092,234
Current assets	14,866,614	6,044,168
Current liabilities	(11,459,989)	(4,810,078)
Net assets	4,875,693	2,326,324
Revenue	32,511,414	3,491,573
Profit/(Loss) for the year	211,152	(554,532)

 $Good will amounting to RM836, 268 \ (2015: RM836, 268) \ was included in the carrying amount of investment in associated companies.$ 

<sup>^</sup>Companies with financial year ended 30 June

### 15. LAND HELD FOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

16.

Group		Freehold land RM	Development costs RM	Total RM
2016				
At beginning of the financial year		93,292,128	22,946,228	116,238,356
Additions		-	186,769	186,769
At end of the financial year	=	93,292,128	23,132,997	116,425,125
2015				
At beginning of the financial year		93,292,128	5,810,930	99,103,058
Additions		-	17,135,298	17,135,298
At end of the financial year	=	93,292,128	22,946,228	116,238,356
OTHER INVESTMENTS				
	2016 RM	Group 2015 RM	2016 RM	Company 2015 RM
Available-for-sale financial assets		2015	2016	2015
		2015	2016	2015
Available-for-sale financial assets	RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
Available-for-sale financial assets  Quoted shares in Malaysia	RM	2015 RM	2016 RM 64,980	2015 RM 64,980
Available-for-sale financial assets  Quoted shares in Malaysia	100,885 -	2015 RM 100,885	2016 RM 64,980 86,002	2015 RM 64,980 86,002
Available-for-sale financial assets  Quoted shares in Malaysia  Unquoted shares, at cost	100,885 -	2015 RM 100,885	2016 RM 64,980 86,002	2015 RM 64,980 86,002
Available-for-sale financial assets  Quoted shares in Malaysia  Unquoted shares, at cost  Representing items:	100,885 - 100,885	2015 RM 100,885 - 100,885	2016 RM 64,980 86,002 150,982	2015 RM 64,980 86,002 150,982

#### 17. GOODWILL

Cost	2016 RM	Group 2015 RM
At beginning of the financial year	21,001,269	21,001,269
Arising from acquisition of new subsidiaries	-	-
At end of the financial year	21,001,269	21,001,269
Accumulated impairment losses		
At beginning of the financial year	1,916,056	1,916,056
Impairment charge	-	
At end of the financial year	1,916,056	1,916,056
Carrying amount at end of the financial year	19,085,213	19,085,213

Goodwill only arises in business combinations. The amount of goodwill initially recognised is dependent on the allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. The determination of the fair value of the assets and liabilities is based, to a considerable extent, on management judgement.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units (CGUs) identified according to the following business segments:

		Group
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Property development & investment, construction		
and other related services rendered ("CGU A")	18,168,411	18,168,411
Manufacturing and trading ("CGU B")	916,802	916,802
	10.005.212	10.005.212
	19,085,213	19,085,213

#### (i) Recoverable amount based on fair value less costs to sell

The recoverable amount of CGU A is based on fair value less costs to sell. The fair value less costs to sell is based on observable market price for similar assets or observable market price for assets of different nature, condition or location which is adjusted to reflect the different nature, condition or location of assets. The fair value measurement was categorised as a Level 2 fair value based on the inputs in the valuation technique used (see note 40(c)).

#### (ii) Recoverable amount based on value in use

The recoverable amount of CGU B was determined based on value-in-use calculations. Cash flow projections used in these calculations were based on financial budgets approved by management. Cash flows beyond the projection period were extrapolated using the estimated growth rate stated below. The growth rate did not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the automotive products business in which the CGU operates.

#### 17. GOODWILL (CONT'D)

#### (ii) Recoverable amount based on value in use (Cont'd)

Key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations:

		CGU B
	2016	2015
	%	%
Gross margin <sup>1</sup>	17.0	16.5
Growth rate <sup>2</sup>	5	5
Pre-tax discount rate <sup>3</sup>	8.65	8.85
Terminal growth rate <sup>4</sup>	3.65	3.85

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1.</sup> Budgeted gross margin

These assumptions were used for the analysis of CGU within the business segment. Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of the market development. The weighted average growth rate used was consistent with the forecasts included in industry reports. The discount rate used were pre-tax and reflected specific risks relating to the business segment.

#### (iii) Sensitivity to change in key assumptions

Changing the assumptions selected by management, in particular the discount rate and growth rate assumptions used in the cash flow projections, could significantly affect the Group's results. The Group's review includes the key assumptions related to sensitivity in the cash flow projections.

The circumstances where a change in key assumptions will result in the recoverable amounts of goodwill on the CGU B to equal the corresponding carrying amounts assuming no change in the other variables are as follows:

	<b>2016</b> %	<b>2015</b> %
Gross margin	16.27	16.10
Growth rate	4.72	4.84
Discount rate	9.52	9.36
Terminal growth rate	5.93	5.07

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2.</sup> Weighted average growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period

<sup>3.</sup> Pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4.</sup> Terminal growth rate indicates the expected growth of cash flows after the forecast period

#### 18. FIXED DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED BANKS

		Group		Company
	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
Current	43,289,455	39,340,784	-	799,637
Non-current	2,385,229	1,887,347	-	-
	45,674,684	41,228,131	-	799,637

Fixed deposits of the Group amounting to RM2,385,229 (2015: RM1,887,347) have been pledged to financial institutions for bank facilities granted to the Group.

The fixed deposits of the Group and the Company at the reporting date are subject to floating interest rates ranging from 2.05% to 4.15% (2015: 2.30% to 4.04%) and 2.30% to 3.30% (2015: 2.30% to 3.30%) per annum respectively.

Fixed deposits of the Group and the Company have maturities ranging from 2 to 366 days (2015: 2 to 365 days) and 6 to 31 days (2015: 5 to 31 days) respectively.

#### 19. DEFERRED TAX

	Group	
	2016 RM	2015 RM
Deferred tax assets	(716,459)	(663,959)
Deferred tax liabilities	66,063,723	66,170,092
	65,347,264	65,506,133
The movement in the deferred tax account is as follows:		
		Group
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
At beginning of the financial year	65,506,133	69,288,598
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 9)	(158,869)	(3,782,465)
At end of the financial year	65,347,264	65,506,133

## 19. DEFERRED TAX (CONT'D)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same tax authority. The following amounts determined after appropriate offsetting are shown in the Statements of Financial Position:

2016	At 1.1.2016 RM	Recognised in profit or loss RM	At 31.12.2016 RM
Deferred tax assets			
- property development	(663,959)	-	(663,959)
- other payables	(48,240)	(6,760)	(55,000)
- others	(46,000)	46,000	-
- property, plant & equipment	-	(52,500)	(52,500)
	(758,199)	(13,260)	(771,459)
Deferred tax liabilities			
- investment properties	4,115,693	(66,824)	4,048,869
- property development	50,413,891	6,909	50,420,800
- property, plant & equipment	8,078,648	136,361	8,215,009
- inventories	3,656,100	(222,055)	3,434,045
	66,264,332	(145,609)	66,118,723
Net (after offsetting)	65,506,133	(158,869)	65,347,264
2015	At 1.1.2015 RM	Recognised in profit or loss RM	At 31.12.2015 RM
Deferred tax assets			
- property development	(691,399)	27,440	(663,959)
- other payables	(63,000)	14,760	(48,240)
- others	(5,744)	(40,256)	(46,000)
	(760,143)	1,944	(758,199)
Deferred tax liabilities			
- investment properties	5,045,278	(929,585)	4,115,693
- property development	52,133,172	(1,719,281)	50,413,891
- property, plant & equipment	7,684,987	393,661	8,078,648
- inventories	5,185,304	(1,529,204)	3,656,100
	70,048,741	(3,784,409)	66,264,332
Net (after offsetting)	69,288,598	(3,782,465)	65,506,133

## 19. DEFERRED TAX (CONT'D)

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items :

		Group
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Unutilised tax losses	4,959,359	4,252,850
Unabsorbed capital allowances	643,844	606,622
	5,603,203	4,859,472
Potential tax benefits calculated at 24% (2015: 24%) tax rate	1,344,769	1,166,273

The unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances are subject to agreement with the Inland Revenue Board.

## **20. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS**

	Group	
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
At beginning of the financial year	3,414,395	3,826,913
Recognised to profit or loss (Note 7)	-	(412,518)
At end of the financial year	3,414,395	3,414,395

### 21. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Completed property units	59,338,002	63,021,640
Finished goods	6,595,342	7,176,846
Raw materials	321,975	416,025
Odd lot land	115,860	115,860
Production supplies	61,630	94,634
	66,432,809	70,825,005

### 22. PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Group				
2016	Freehold land RM	Leasehold land RM	Development costs RM	Total RM
Cumulative property development costs :				
At beginning of the financial year	201,188,101	44,513,431	109,848,938	355,550,470
Cost incurred during the financial year	-	-	54,094,720	54,094,720
Reversal of completed project	(9,810,074)	-	(13,324,839)	(23,134,913)
At end of the financial year —	191,378,027	44,513,431	150,618,819	386,510,277
Cumulative cost recognised in profit or loss :				
At beginning of the financial year				(57,812,771)
Recognised during the financial year				(13,743,801)
Reversal of completed project				23,134,913
At end of the financial year				(48,421,659)
Property development costs at end of the financia	al year			338,088,618
Group				
2015	Freehold land RM	Leasehold land RM	Development costs RM	Total RM
Cumulative property development costs :				
At beginning of the financial year	201,188,101	44,513,431	96,145,600	341,847,132
Cost incurred during the financial year	-	-	13,703,338	13,703,338
At end of the financial year	201,188,101	44,513,431	109,848,938	355,550,470
Cumulative cost recognised in profit or loss :				
At beginning of the financial year				(46,879,910)
Recognised during the financial year				(10,932,861)
At end of the financial year				(57,812,771)
Property development costs at end of the financia	al year		•	297,737,699

#### 23. TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES

		Group		Company
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Trade receivables	22,140,893	28,052,914	-	-
Other receivables	3,971,015	3,381,234	364	-
Deposits	2,681,209	2,763,665	8,453	8,453
Less: Allowance for impairment	28,793,117	34,197,813	8,817	8,453
- Trade receivables	(709,977)	(649,896)	-	-
- Other receivables	(165,738)	(140,000)	-	-
	27,917,402	33,407,917	8,817	8,453

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 to 150 days (2015: 30 to 150 days) terms. They are recognised at their original invoiced amounts which represent their values on initial recognition.

Included in trade receivables of the Group is the retention of progress billings for contract works amounting to RM598,007 (2015: RM745,508).

Other receivables are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the Group's large number of customers, which cover a broad spectrum of end markets. The Group's historical experience in collection of debts falls within the recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional credit risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the Group's trade receivables.

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables is as follow:

	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Neither past due nor impaired	17,814,549	22,041,981
1 to 30 days past due but not impaired	563,004	1,116,666
31 to 60 days past due but not impaired	68,129	124,168
61 to 90 days past due but not impaired	9,960	60,909
More than 91 days past due but not impaired	2,975,274	4,059,294
Impaired	709,977	649,896
	22,140,893	28,052,914

The Group has trade receivables amounting to RM3,616,367 (2015: RM5,361,037) that are past due at the reporting date but not impaired. These include mainly trade receivables past due for technical or strategic reasons and there is no concern on the credit worthiness of the counter parties and the recoverability of these debts.

### 23. TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

	2016 RM	2015 RM
Movement in allowance accounts :		
At 1 January	789,896	762,363
Charge for the financial year	186,893	50,437
Reversal of impairment losses	(101,074)	(22,904)
At 31 December	875,715	789,896

Trade receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to receivables that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

#### 24. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	Group	
	2016 RM	2015 RM
Amount due from contract customers [Note (25)]	4,606,680	5,784,892
Accrued billings in respect of property development costs	4,645,593	232,310
Prepayments	420,954	326,583
	9,673,227	6,343,785

### 25. AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) CONTRACT CUSTOMERS

	Group	
	2016 RM	2015 RM
Aggregate costs incurred to date	15,514,248	15,285,598
Add : Recognised profits	1,409,931	1,316,519
	16,924,179	16,602,117
Less : Progress billings	(14,027,402)	(13,416,402)
	2,896,777	3,185,715
Representing by :		
Amount due from contract customers	4,606,680	5,784,892
Amount due to contract customers	(1,709,903)	(2,599,177)
	2,896,777	3,185,715

#### 26. AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) RELATED PARTIES

			Group		Company
		2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
(a)	Amount due from related parties				
	Amount due from holding company	-	-	-	54,980
	Amount due from subsidiaries	-	-	8,479,876	8,967,877
		-	-	8,479,876	9,022,857
			Group		Company
		2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
(b)	Amount due to related parties				
	Amount due to holding company	5,334,000	5,279,762	-	-
	Amount due to subsidiaries	-	-	111,499,815	85,154,815
	Amount due to related companies	48,667,453	50,707,451	-	2,040,000
	Amount due to directors	-	25,500,000	-	25,500,000
	_	54,001,453	81,487,213	111,499,815	112,694,815

#### (c) Amount due from/(to) subsidiaries

The amount due from/(to) subsidiaries pertain mainly to advances and payments on behalf. The outstanding amounts are unsecured, interest free and payable on demand.

#### (d) Amount due to related parties

The amount due to related parties pertain mainly to acquisition of subsidiary, purchase of land, advances, receipts and payments on behalf. The outstanding amounts are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand except the balance of acquisition of subsidiary which repayable by two instalments in May 2015 and November 2015. Subsequently, the second instalment has been extended to May 2016 with waiver of interest. The balance of acquisition of subsidiary was settled in full on May 2016.

#### (e) Amount due to directors

The amount due to directors pertain mainly to acquisition of subsidiary. The outstanding amounts are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand except the balance of acquisition of subsidiary which repayable by two instalments in May 2015 and November 2015. Subsequently, the second instalment has been extended to May 2016 with waiver of interest. The balance of acquisition of subsidiary was settled in full on May 2016.

#### (f) Holding company

The amount due from/(to) holding company pertains mainly to advances and payments on behalf. The outstanding amounts are unsecured, interest free and payable on demand.

The Directors regard Dalta Industries Sdn. Bhd., a company incorporated in Malaysia as its holding company.

#### 27. CASH & BANK BALANCES

Included in the cash & bank balances of the Group are amounts of RM14,792,834 (2015: RM14,502,407) which are held pursuant to Section 7A of the Housing Development (Control & Licensing) Act 1966 and therefore restricted from use in other operations.

#### 28. SHARE CAPITAL

	Grou	p/Company
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Authorised :		
1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each	500,000,000	500,000,000
At end of the financial year		
365,063,800 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each	182,531,900	182,531,900

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary share carry one vote per share without restrictions and rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

### (a) Treasury shares

The shareholders of the Company, by an ordinary resolution passed at an Annual General Meeting held on 23 June 2016, approved the Company's plan to repurchase its own shares. The Directors of the Company are committed to enhance the value of the Company to its shareholders and believe that the repurchase plan can be applied in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders.

There are no repurchase of own shares during the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

#### 29. SHARE PREMIUM

30.

	Grou	p/Company
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
At beginning & end of the financial year	35,073,512	35,073,512
FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES		
		Group
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Minimum finance lease payments :		
Payable not later than 1 year	249,492	188,412
Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	595,878	501,750
Payable later than 5 years	179,253	100,422
	1,024,623	790,584
Less : Future finance charges	(124,711)	(90,439)
Present value of finance lease liabilities	899,912	700,145
Present value of finance lease liabilities :		
Payable not later than 1 year	211,280	159,662
Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	519,392	450,098
Payable later than 5 years	169,240	90,385
	899,912	700,145

The finance lease liabilities of the Group carry weighted average interest at the reporting date of 3.12% (2015: 3.31%) per annum.

#### 31. TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES

		Group		Company
	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
Trade payables	8,666,113	5,720,848	-	-
Other payables	58,283,219	6,532,675	24,875	22,522
Accruals	1,698,906	1,470,933	41,743	44,738
	68,648,238	13,724,456	66,618	67,260
The currency exposure profile of trade payable	es is as follows :			
Ringgit Malaysia	8,649,415	5,695,923	-	-
US Dollar	16,698	24,925	-	-
	8,666,113	5,720,848	-	-

Trade payables and other payables are non-interest bearing and normally settled on 30 to 90 days (2015: 30 to 90 days) terms and 30 to 90 days (2015: 30 to 90 days) terms respectively.

Included in the Group's accruals are post-employment defined contribution plan of RM17,963 (2015: RM20,897) in respect of Employees Provided Fund.

#### 32. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

		Group
	2016 RM	2015 RM
Progress billings in respect of property development costs	31,096,559	37,860,897
Amount due to contract customers (Note 25)	1,709,903	2,599,177
	32,806,462	40,460,074

#### 33. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is organised into the following main business segments :

(i) Property development & investment, construction and other related services rendered

Construction and development of residential, commercial and industrial properties. Property investment included provision of rental income and other services.

Other related services rendered include the provision of services related to the construction, property development & investment and administrative services.

(ii) Manufacturing and trading

Manufacturing and trading of automotive parts and related products.

(iii) Hotel and leisure related services

Provision of hospitality services, food and beverages.

(iv) <u>Plantation</u>

Plantation of oil palm and tropical fruits.

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") that are used to make strategic decisions, allocate resources and assess performance.

The CODM receives separate reports for property development & investment, construction and other related services rendered businesses, they have been aggregated into one reportable segments as they have similar economic characteristics.

Although the plantation segment does not meet the quantitative thresholds required by FRS 8 for reportable segments, management has concluded that this segment should be reported, as it is closely monitored by CODM as a potential growth segment.

The geographical segment information is not presented as the Group's activities are carried out predominantly in Malaysia.

The segment information provided to the CODM for the reportable segments is as follows:

33. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

	& investme	& investment, construction and other related services rendered		Manufacturing & trading	Hote	Hotel & leisure related services	Pla	Plantation		Group
	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
REVENUE										
Total revenue	57,609,600	58,477,414 <b>38,106</b>	38,106,245	41,214,132	14,846,078	18,574,107	4,945,935	4,138,111	4,138,111 <b>115,507,858</b> 122,403,764	122,403,764
Inter-segment sales	(177,000)	(222,000)	•	•	•	ı		I	(177,000)	(222,000)
External sales	57,432,600	58,255,414	38,106,245	41,214,132	14,846,078	18,574,107	4,945,935	4,138,111	115,330,858	122,181,764
RESULTS										
Interest income	1,392,130	1,160,122	271,470	210,906	613,504	478,901	7,526	22,690	2,284,630	1,872,619
Finance costs	(23,763)	(15,797)	(1,620)	(6,665)	(6,505)	(9,327)		ı	(31,888)	(34,789)
Share of results of associated companies	1,905	837	60,314	(167,801)	•	1	•	1	62,219	(166,964)
Profit before tax	24,400,275	25,346,904	1,518,602	1,371,006	911,101	3,766,324	787,353	306,768	27,617,331	30,791,002

33. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

	& investm	& investment, construction and other related services rendered		Manufacturing & trading	Hote	Hotel & leisure	ď	Plantation		Group
	2016	2015	2016	Ñ	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	7
	KIM	KIN	KIM	KIM	KIM	KIN	X	KM	KM	KM
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES										
Investment in associated companies	1,352,119	1,350,214	192,513	132,199	ı	ı	ı	1	1,544,632	1,482,413
Other segment assets	663,864,446	642,863,990	35,368,093	34,358,840	34,358,840 <b>126,294,238</b>	107,924,835	36,802,233	36,184,638	36,184,638 <b>862,329,010</b>	821,332,303
Borrowings	765,332	532,350			134,580	167,795		1   	899,912	700,145
Other segment liabilities	216,376,457	195,628,071	3,840,085	3,713,341	2,241,269	2,264,331	152,024	1,019,524	1,019,524 <b>222,609,835</b>	202,625,267
OTHER SEGMENT INFORMATION	NOIL									
Addition to non-current assets	s <b>930,789</b>	17,913,553	212,924	314,454	4,871,206	1,081,084	416,111	618,708	6,431,030	19,927,799
Depreciation & amortisation	1,997,663	2,435,412	149,639	184,461	2,375,234	2,202,253	292,433	387,427	4,814,969	5,209,553
Other non-cash expenses	98,714	46,358	134,625	37,059	10,823	1	•	452,518	244,162	535,935

#### 33. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (a) Addition to non-current assets consists of:

		Group
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Property, plant & equipment	6,122,546	2,736,864
Investment properties	121,715	55,637
Land held for property development	186,769	17,135,298
	6,431,030	19,927,799

#### (b) Major customers

There are no major customers with revenue equal or more than 10 per cent of the Group's total revenue.

#### 34. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group or the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group or the Company and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include all the Directors of the Group, and certain members of senior management of the Group.

The remuneration of key management personnel compensation during the financial year was as follows:

		Group
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	2,333,160	2,375,680
Post-employment benefits		
- defined contribution plan	170,994	175,836
	2,504,154	2,551,516

The above is in respect of the total compensation to Directors of the Group.

#### 35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES - unsecured

The Directors are of the opinion that provisions are not required in respect of these matters, as it is not probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required or the amount is not capable of reliable measurement.

The financial guarantees have not been recognised since the fair value on initial recognition was not material.

### **36. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENT**

(a) The Group as lessor

The future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as receivables, are analysed as follows:

#### 36. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENT (CONT'D)

#### (a) The Group as lessor (Cont'd)

	Group
2016 RM	2015 RM
7,361,057	6,374,509
2,393,546	2,093,980
9,754,603	8,468,489
	7,361,057 2,393,546

#### (b) The Group as lessee

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities are analysed as follows:

		Group
	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Not later than 1 year	264,400	304,800
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	220,000	264,400
	484,400	569,200
		<del></del>

The Group has entered into leases on its property portfolio. The commercial property leases typically have lease terms between one and three years and include clauses to enable periodic upward revision of the rental charge according to prevailing market conditions.

#### 37. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated by the Directors and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

#### (i) Property development

The Group recognises property development revenue and expenses in the profit or loss by using the stage of completion method. The stage of completion is determined by the proportion that property development costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total property development costs.

Significant judgement is required in determining the stage of completion, the extent of the property development costs incurred, the estimated total property development revenue and costs, as well as the recoverability of the development projects. In making the judgement, the Group evaluates by relying on past experience and the work of specialists.

#### (ii) Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group determines annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment. The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on either fair value less costs to sell or value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates as set in Note 17(i) and (ii).

Changing the assumptions selected by management, in particular the market price of properties, gross margin, discount rate and growth rate assumptions used in the cash flow projections or impairment test of goodwill, could significantly affect the Group's results. The Group's review includes the key assumptions related to sensitivity in the cash flow projections. Detail of sensitivity to change in key assumptions are disclosed in Note 17(iii).

#### 38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's operations are subject to a variety of financial risks, including foreign currency exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, market risk, liquidity and cash flow risk.

The Group's financial risk management policy seeks to ensure that adequate resources are available to manage the above risks and to create value for its shareholders. The Board regularly reviews these risks and approves treasury policies, which covers the management of these risks. It is not the Group's policy to engage in speculative transactions.

#### (a) Foreign currency exchange risk

Foreign currency exchange risk is the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group has transactional currency exposures arising from purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Group, primarily RM. The foreign currencies in which these transactions are denominated are mainly in US Dollar.

The currency exposure of trade payables at the reporting date is disclosed in the Notes 31 to the Financial Statements.

The Company does not enter into any financial instrument to hedge the movement in the foreign currency exchange rates unless the risk is deemed to be significant.

As the influence of foreign currency changes on the profit or loss is immaterial, no sensitivity analysis has been conducted.

#### (b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily from its cash and cash equivalents and interest-bearing loans and borrowings.

The Group's and the Company's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available.

#### Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

At the reporting date, if interest rate had been 10 basis points lower/higher, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit net of tax would have been RM45,000 (2015: RM41,000) higher/lower, arising mainly as a result of higher/lower interest income from fixed deposits.

#### (c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations.

The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk is primarily from receivables, refer to Note 23. These debts are continually monitored and therefore, the Group and the Company does not expect to incur material credit losses. For other financial assets (including cash & bank balances) the Group and the Company minimise credit risk by dealing with high credit rating counterparties.

#### **Exposure of credit risk**

At the reporting date, the Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of financial assets recognised in the Statements of Financial Position.

#### Credit risk concentration profile

The Group and the Company has no significant concentration of credit risk with a single customer.

#### Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are credit worthy debtors with good payment record with the Group and the Company. Cash and cash equivalents that are neither past due nor impaired are placed with or entered into with reputable financial institutions with high credit ratings and no history of default.

#### Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

Information regarding financial assets that are either past due or impaired is disclosed in Note 23 to the Financial Statements.

#### (d) Market risk

Market price risks mainly result from raw materials. No financial instruments are used for the hedging of the acquisition of raw materials.

#### 38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

### (e) Liquidity and cash flow risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities.

The Group and the Company maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents and bank facilities deemed adequate by the management to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

Total RM	Over five years RM	One to five years RM	On demand or within one year RM	Group
				2016
				Financial liabilities :
68,648,238	-	-	68,648,238	Payables
54,001,453	-	-	54,001,453	Related parties
1,024,623	179,253	595,878	249,492	Borrowings
123,674,314	179,253	595,878	122,899,183	Total
				2015
				Financial liabilities :
13,724,456	-	-	13,724,456	Payables
81,487,213	-	-	81,487,213	Related parties
790,584	100,422	501,750	188,412	Borrowings
96,002,253	100,422	501,750	95,400,081	Total
Total RM	One to five years RM		On dem within o	Company
				2016
				Financial liabilities :
66,618	-	66,618		Payables
111,499,815	-	99,815	111,4	Related parties
111,566,433	-	66,433	111,5	Total
				2015
				Financial liabilities :
67,260	-	67,260		Payables
112,694,815	-	94,815	112,6	Related parties
112,762,075	-	62,075	112,7	Total

#### 39. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's and the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise its shareholders value.

The Group and the Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group and the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Group's and the Company's capital management is dependent on capital requirements of the business or investments. Management would evaluate various options taking into consideration market conditions, nature of investment and the Company's structure.

The Group and the Company monitor and manage capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Group and the Company included within net debt, total financial liabilities less cash and cash equivalents. Capital includes equity attributable to the owners. The Group and the Company target to maintain a low gearing ratio.

		Group		Company
	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
Trade & other payables	68,648,238	13,724,456	66,618	67,260
Other current liabilities	32,806,462	40,460,074	-	-
Amount due to related parties	54,001,453	81,487,213	111,499,815	112,694,815
Loans & borrowings	899,912	700,145	-	-
Less: Cash & cash equivalents	(66,497,498)	(61,180,862)	(88,132)	(821,033)
Net debt	89,858,567	75,191,026	111,478,301	111,941,042
Equity attributable to owners	616,678,524	596,996,594	246,351,628	246,449,176
Capital and net debt	706,537,091	672,187,620	357,829,929	358,390,218
Gearing ratio	12.72%	11.19%	31.15%	31.23%

Under the requirement of Bursa Malaysia, the Company is required to maintain a consolidated shareholders' equity equal to or not less than the 25 percent of the issued and paid-up capital (excluding treasury shares) and such shareholders' equity is not less RM40 million. The Company has complied with this requirement.

### **40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

## (a) Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as follows :

		Loans a	nd receivables	Availab	le-for-sale		Total
	Note	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
		1/1/1	11111	1/1/1	1/1/1	INIVI	1/1/1
<u>Group</u>							
Financial Assets							
Non-current							
Investments	16	-	-	100,885	100,885	100,885	100,885
Fixed deposits	18	2,385,229	1,887,347	-	-	2,385,229	1,887,347
Current							
Trade & other receivables	23	27,917,402	33,407,917	-	-	27,917,402	33,407,917
Fixed deposits	18	43,289,455	39,340,784	-	-	43,289,455	39,340,784
Cash & bank balances	27	20,822,814	19,952,731	-	-	20,822,814	19,952,731
Total	=	94,414,900	94,588,779	100,885	100,885	94,515,785	94,689,664
				Note		Other financia at amortis 2016 RM	
Financial Liabi	lities						
Non-current							
Borrowings				30	6	88,632	540,483
Current							
Borrowings				30	2	11,280	159,662
Amount due to	o related	d parties		26	54,0	01,453	81,487,213
Trade & other	payable:	s		31	68,6	48,238	13,724,456
Total					123,5	49,603	95,911,814

## **40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)**

(a) Categories of financial instruments (Cont'd)

		Loans and receivables Available		e-for-sale		Total	
	Note	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM
<u>Company</u>							
Financial Assets							
Non-current							
Investments	16	-	-	150,982	150,982	150,982	150,982
Current							
Trade & other receivables	23	8,817	8,453	-	-	8,817	8,453
Amount due from related parties	26	8,479,876	9,022,857	_	_	8,479,876	9,022,857
		0,479,070				0,479,070	
Fixed deposits	18	-	799,637	-	-	-	799,637
Cash & bank balances	27	88,132	21,396	-	-	88,132	21,396
Total	_	8,576,825	9,852,343	150,982	150,982	8,727,807	10,003,325
				Note		Other financi at amorti 2016 RM	
Financial Liabili	ities						
Current							
Amount due to	related	parties		26	111,49	99,815	112,694,815
Trade & other p	ayables			31	6	56,618	67,260
Total					111,56	 56,433	112,762,075

#### 40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (b) Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, short term receivables and payables and short term borrowings approximate fair values due to the relatively short term nature of these financial instruments.

It was not practicable to estimate the fair value of the Group's and the Company's investment in unquoted shares due to the lack of comparable quoted market prices and the inability to estimate fair value without incurring excessive costs.

The fair values of other financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the Statements of Financial Position, are as follows:

		2016		2015
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	amount	value	amount	value
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Group				
Quoted shares	100,885	95,655	100,885	84,070
		<del></del>	<del></del>	
Company				
Quoted shares	64,980	93,333	64,980	80,825
Unquoted shares	86,002	*	86,002	*

The following summarises the methods used in determining the fair value of financial instruments reflected in the above table :

#### **Investments in equity securities**

The fair values of financial assets that are quoted in an active market are determined by reference to their quoted closing bid price at the end of the reporting period.

#### \*Unquoted shares carried at cost (Note 16)

Fair value information has not been disclosed for these unquoted equity instruments as fair value cannot be measured reliably as these instruments are not quoted on any market and does not have any comparable industry peer that is listed. In addition, the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates derived from valuation techniques is significant.

#### (c) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value measurement hierarchies used to measure financial assets carried at fair value in the Statements of Financial Position as at 31 December 2016 are as follows:

- i) Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- ii) Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- iii) Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that is not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

### 41. DIVIDENDS

	Group/Company					
		2016	2015			
	Gross dividend per share (sen)	Amount of dividend RM	Gross dividend per share (sen)	Amount of dividend RM		
Financial year ended 31 December 2014 - first and final,						
single tier dividend	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1.5	5,475,957		
Dividend recognised as distribution to ordinary equity						
holders of the Company	-	-	1.5	5,475,957		

The Board of Directors does not recommend a final dividend for the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

### 42. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 12 April 2017.

Lodged by : PHK Management Services Sdn. Bhd. (Company No: 311416-X)

Address : 36A, Lorong Gelugor

Off Persiaran Sultan Ibrahim

41300 Klang

Selangor Darul Ehsan

Tel. No. : 03-33438148

# Supplementary Information – Breakdown of Retained Earnings into Realised and Unrealised

On 25 March 2010, Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ('Bursa Malaysia") issued a directive to all listed issuers pursuant to Paragraphs 2.06 and 2.23 of the Bursa Malaysia Main Market Listing Requirements. The directive requires all listed issuers to disclose the breakdown of the unappropriated profits or accumulated losses as at the end of the reporting period, into realised and unrealised profits or losses.

On 20 December 2010, Bursa Malaysia further issued guidance on the disclosure and the format required.

The breakdown of retained earnings of the Group at the reporting date, into realised and unrealised profits, pursuant to the directive, is as follows:

		Group	Company			
	2016 RM	2015 RM	2016 RM	2015 RM		
Total retained earnings of the Company and its subsidiaries :						
- Realised	519,476,803	498,420,445	28,746,216	28,843,764		
- Unrealised	3,960,541	4,502,000	-	-		
	523,437,344	502,922,445	28,746,216	28,843,764		
Total share of retained earnings from associated companies :						
- Realised	(8,218)	(70,437)	-	-		
	523,429,126	502,852,008	28,746,216	28,843,764		
Less: Consolidation adjustments	(124,356,014)	(123,460,826)	-	-		
Total group retained earnings as per consolidated accounts	399,073,112	379,391,182	28,746,216	28,843,764		

The determination of realised and unrealised profits is based on the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants on 20 December 2010.

The disclosure of realised and unrealised profits above is solely for complying with the disclosure requirements stipulated in the directive of Bursa Malaysia and should not be applied for any other purpose.

# Analysis of Shareholdings

#### **AS AT 31 MARCH 2017**

Authorised Capital : RM500,000,000 Issued Capital : RM182,531,900

Class of Shares : Ordinary shares of RM0.50 each

Voting Rights : One vote per share

No. of Holders : 2,703

### **ANALYSIS OF EQUITY STRUCTURE**

Size of Holdings	No. of Holders	%	No. of Shares	%
1 - 99	26	0.96	574	0.00
100 - 1,000	149	5.51	97,820	0.03
1,001 - 10,000	1,886	69.78	8,974,866	2.46
10,001 - 100,000	546	20.20	17,528,012	4.80
100,001 - 18,253,189 (*)	93	3.44	110,612,436	30.30
18,253,190 and above (**)	3	0.11	227,850,092	62.41
Total	2,703	100.00	365,063,800	100.00

Remarks: \* Less than 5% of issued Shares

\*\* 5% and above of issued Shares

#### LIST OF DIRECTOR'S SHAREHOLDINGS

	Direct	Holdings	Indirect Holdings		
Name	No	%	No	%	
Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock	39,822,112	10.91	223,821,180	61.31	
Dato' Setia Abdul Halim Bin Dato' Haji Abdul Rauf	-	-	-	-	
Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng	2,588,000	0.71	255,147,392	69.89	
Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo	14,018,200	3.84	249,625,092	68.38	
Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum	-	-	-	-	
Datuk Ng Thian Kwee	-	-	-	-	
Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah	-	-	-	-	
Tan Jiu See	-	-	-	-	
Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong	1,400,000	0.38	255,147,392	69.89	
Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng	1,000,000	0.27	255,147,392	69.89	
Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng	3,507,900	0.96	259,347,392	71.04	
Ooi Hock Guan	-	-	-	-	

#### **LIST OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDINGS**

		Direct	Holdings	Indirect	Indirect Holdings	
No	Name	No	%	No	%	
					-	
1.	Dalta Industries Sdn. Bhd.	201,307,080	55.14	-	-	
2.	Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock	39,822,112	10.91	223,821,180	61.31	

# Analysis of Shareholdings (Cont'd)

## **LIST OF THIRTY (30) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS**

No.	Name	No. of Shares	%
1.	Dalta Industries Sdn. Bhd.	132,536,312	36.30
2.	Dalta Industries Sdn. Bhd.	66,911,568	18.33
3.	Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock	28,402,212	7.78
4.	Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo	13,941,200	3.82
5.	Mujur Cemerlang Sdn. Bhd.	12,955,700	3.55
6.	Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock	11,419,900	3.13
7.	Golden Approval Sdn. Bhd.	10,765,300	2.95
8.	Golden Approval Sdn. Bhd.	7,425,200	2.03
9.	Quality Decor Sdn. Bhd.	5,444,100	1.49
10.	Lim Hui Y'ng	4,200,000	1.15
11.	Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng	3,507,900	0.96
12.	Telus Cemerlang Sdn. Bhd.	2,725,300	0.75
13.	TA Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. (Pledged Securities Account for Liew Yam Fee)	2,400,000	0.66
14.	Pandang Usaha Sdn. Bhd.	2,217,436	0.61
15.	Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng	2,188,000	0.60
16.	Lim Theng Sian	1,985,000	0.54
17.	Dalta Industries Sdn. Bhd.	1,859,200	0.51
18.	Mujur Cemerlang Sdn. Bhd.	1,851,200	0.51
19.	AMSEC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. (Pledged Securities Account for Beh Hang Kong)	1,618,000	0.44
20.	Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong	1,344,000	0.37
21.	HLIB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. (Pledged Securities Account for Yap Kok Weng)	1,118,100	0.31
22.	Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng	1,000,000	0.27
23.	Quality Decor Sdn. Bhd.	887,300	0.24
24.	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. (Pledged Securities Account for EURP (Sarawak) Sdn. Bhd. [E-PDG])	869,000	0.24
25.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. (Pledged Securities Account for Liau Thai Min)	864,600	0.24
26.	Ngan Bee Lee	818,200	0.22
27.	Koh Bee Lan	782,900	0.22
28.	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. (Pledged Securities Account for Tee Kim Hew [E-KLG/BTG])	669,600	0.18
29.	Telus Cemerlang Sdn. Bhd.	651,800	0.18
30.	TA Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. (Pledged Securities Account for Lim Chye)	550,000	0.15
	TOTAL	323,909,028	88.73

# List of Properties

Location	Description	Tenure Year of expiry	Approximate age of building	Land Area (Built-up Area) in acres	Net Book value (RM'000)	Year of acquisition/ revaluation
HS(D) 749, Lot 9146 Mukim Rasah District of Seremban Negeri Sembilan Darul	Agricultural Khusus	Freehold	-	6.048	185	1989
E.M.R. 6202, Lot 5022 Jalan Meru Mukim Kapar District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Industrial	Freehold	-	3	180	1988
HS(D) 13802-13804, PT 254-256 HS(D) 13814-13817, PT 266-269 (Lot 19, C.T. 11661) Mukim Klang District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Residential & Commercial	Freehold	-	0.348	373	1991
HS(M) 11649, PT 9867 HS(M) 11650, PT 9868 HS(M) 11651, PT 9869 Persiaran Raja Muda Mu District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Commercial (3 units of 3-storey shophouse) usa	Freehold	37 years	0.127	1,682	1990
PT 10888-10912 Batu 4 1/2 Jalan Kebun Kampung Jawa	Commercial (23 units of double storey industrial lot)	Freehold	30 years	0.95	7,486	1994
HS(D) 3710-3715 PT 1157-1161 Mukim Durian Tunggal District of Alor Gajah Melaka	Motels, Hotels & Condominium	Freehold	-	22	1,274	1991
PT1156 Mukim Durian Tunggal District of Alor Gajah Melaka	Hotel	Freehold	20 years	11.62	38,505	1991
HS(D) 18005, PT 17480 HS(D) 20199, PT 18462 Mukim Klang District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Commercial	Freehold	-	0.76	60	1985

Location  Description  Description  Tenure Year of expiry  Description  Area) in acres  (RN  Grant 19950, Lot 10340 Grant 19972, Lot 10362 Grant 19988, Lot 10378 Mukim Klang District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	2,019	Year of acquisition/revaluation
Grant 19972, Lot 10362 Commercial  Grant 19988, Lot 10378  Mukim Klang District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan  Grant 20032, Lot 10422 Residential Freehold - 14.956  Mukim Klang District of Klang	2,019	
Mukim Klang District of Klang		1994
	678	
B03-08, 8th Floor, Block B Commercial Freehold 16 years 0.06 Pusat Dagangan Phileo Damansara II Jalan Damansara Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan		1996
E.M.R. 7252, 7525, 7540, Agricultural Freehold - 30 7568, 6450, 6457, 6905, 6909, Lot 4414, 4427-4429, 4565, 4567, 4568, 4570, 4582 & 4586 Meru, Mukim Kapar District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	230	1994
Grant 20109, Lot 10499 Residential Freehold - 8.4 Taman Sentosa District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	56	1991
Grant 25821, Lot 89 Industrial Freehold - 4.686 Grant 35149, Lot 37727 District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	324	1983
E.M.R. 2856, Lot 704 Residential & Freehold - 8.9 E.M.R. 2570, Lot 705 Agricultural Mukim Morib District of Kuala Langat Selangor Darul Ehsan	260	1984
Grant 20030, Lot 10420 Residential Freehold - 9.7 Mukim Klang District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	190	1988

Location	Description	Tenure Year of expiry	Approximate age of building	Land Area (Built-up Area) in acres	Net Book value (RM'000)	Year of acquisition/revaluation
Grant 20031, Lot 10421 Mukim Klang District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Residential & Commercial	Freehold	-	6.506	4,950	1999
Grant 26565, Lot 9886 Jalan Kebun Mukim Klang District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Industrial	Freehold	-	6.094	255	1992
PT 3532, 3539, 3540, 3556, HS(D) 80452, 80459, 80460 28046 Mukim Jugra District of Kuala Langat Selangor Darul Ehsan	_	Leasehold (Expire in 2105)	-	1,373.22	3,023	1990
PT 673-674, 676-677, 730-7 3533, 3535, 3537 HS(D) 28044, 80457, 28047 34187-34193, 80454-80455 Mukim Jugra District of Kuala Langat Selangor Darul Ehsan	Commercial -26048,	Leasehold (Expire in 2105)	-	528.19	1,225	1990
Grant 39305, Lot 110 Grant 39306, Lot 112 Mukim Klang District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Commercial (8-storey and 12 storey office buildings)	Freehold	16 years	2.021	16,947	1983
Lot 10344-10346 Mukim & District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Residential & Agricultural	Freehold	-	23.081	6,924	1996
PT 35664 Taman Sentosa Mukim Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Commercial	Freehold	-	1.41	102	1989
Lot 407 Mukim Batang Berjuntai Kuala Selangor Selangor Darul Ehsan	Residential	Freehold	-	17.21	1,177	1991
PT 1029, HS(D) 34192 Mukim Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Hotel	Leasehold (Expire in 2092)	-	0.4585	272	1989

Location	Description	Tenure Year of expiry	Approximate age of building	Land Area (Built-up Area) in acres	Net Book value (RM'000)	Year of acquisition/ revaluation
Lot No 57687 Daerah Klang Mukim Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Residential	Freehold	-	8.17	13,800	2005
PT 64300 & 64301 HS(D) 96096 & 96097 Daerah Klang Mukim Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Residential	Freehold	-	12.13	18,145	2005
Lot 10361 Daerah Klang Mukim Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Commercial	Freehold	-	9.73	2,141	1994
HS(D) 424, PT 467 HS(D) 434, PT 477 Mukim Taboh Naning Alor Gajah, Melaka	Agricultural	Freehold	-	20.0	2,400	1997
HS(D) 239, PT 282 HS(D) 240, PT 283 HS(D) 241, PT 284 HS(D) 242, PT 285 Mukim Tabong Naning Alor Gajah, Melaka	Agricultural	Freehold	-	42.0	4,148	1997
HS(D) 426, PT 469 HS(D) 427, PT 470 HS(D) 428, PT 471 HS(D) 429, PT 472 Mukim Tabong Naning Alor Gajah, Melaka	Agricultural	Freehold	-	40.0	4,800	1997
HS(D) 243, PT 286 HS(D) 244, PT 287 HS(D) 245, PT 288 HS(D) 246, PT 289 Mukim Tabong Naning Alor Gajah, Melaka	Agricultural	Freehold	-	40.0	4,800	1997
PT 87132,144389, HS(D) 22518,15099 Daerah Klang Mukim Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	7 Industrial	Leasehold (Expires in 2093)	-	13.947	1,033	1995

Location	Description	Tenure Year of expiry	Approximate age of building	Land Area (Built-up Area) in acres	Net Book value (RM'000)	Year of acquisition/ revaluation
PT 2996, HS(D) 1105 Mukim Batang Berjuntai Kuala Selangor Selangor Darul Ehsan	Light Industrial	Freehold	-	3.998	2,696	1997
HS(D) 24301, PT 3753 Daerah Kuala Langat Mukim Batu	Agricultural	Freehold	-	184.813	28,335	1996
Grant 1745, Lot 2369 Mukim Batu Kuala Lumpur	Residential	Freehold	-	3.032	16,800	2007
HS(D) 117471-117475 PT 119978-119982 HS(D) 117492-117494 PT 119975-119977 Mukim Klang District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Industrial	Leasehold (Expire in 2105)	-	16.417	3,896	2007
LOT 6032 Mukim Klang District of Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Residential & Commercial	Freehold	-	11.46	1,533	2009
PT 47417-47502 HS(D) 262212-262297 (Lot 14645 Geran 23670) Mukim Sungai Buloh District of Petaling Selangor Darul Ehsan	Residential	Freehold	-	76.76	25,711	2014
LOT 403, Geran 23669 Mukim Sungai Buloh District of Petaling Selangor Darul Ehsan	Residential	Freehold	-	46.84	16,372	2014

THIS PAGE HAS BEEN INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

**Proxy Form** 

Number of Share Held				
CDS Account No.				
			•	A&M REALTY BERHAD
				(177214-H)
I/We (Name of shareholder as	per NRIC/ID, in Capital Letters)			
NRIC No./ID No./Company No.		of (Full Address in Capital Letters)		
		Tel. No		being a member
of A & M REALTY BERHAD ("A	& M" or "the Company"), hereb	y appoint (Name of proxy as per NRIC/ID, in Ca	pital Letters) _	
	NRIC No./ID No	of (Address)		
		or	failing whom	(Name of proxy as
per NRIC/ID, in Capital Letters		NRIC No./ID No		
of (Address)				
Meeting of the Company to	be held at Bukit Kemuning Go	roxy to vote for me/our behalf at the Twenty olf & Country Resort, Lot 6031, Batu 7, Bukit a. or at any adjournment thereof.		
ORDINARY RESOLUTION			FOR	AGAINST
1. Adoption of the Audited F	inancial Statements for the financial	cial year ended 31 December 2016.		
2. To approve the payment of	of Directors' Fee and Benefits for th	ne financial year ended 31 December 2016.		
		ayable of an amount up to RM150,000.00 for nuary 2017 until the following Annual General		
4. Re-election of Datuk Ng T Association.	nian Kwee who retires in accordan	ce with Article 100 of the Company's Articles of		
5. Re-election of Steven Jun Articles of Association.	ior Ng Kwee Leng who retires in	accordance with Article 100 of the Company's		
6. Re-election of Malcolm Je Articles of Association.	remy Ng Kwee Seng who retires in	n accordance with Article 100 of the Company's		
7. Re-election of Ooi Hock Association.	Guan who retires in accordance	with Article 100 of the Company's Articles of		
8. To re-elect Messrs. HLB L remuneration.	er Lum, as Auditors of the Comp	any and to authorise the Directors to fix their		

Please indicate with an "X" in the appropriate spaces provided how you wish your vote to be cast. If you do not do so, your proxy shall vote as he thinks fit, or at his discretion, abstain from voting.

Signature of member(s)/Seal of Shareholders

Dated this

9. Authority to Allot and Issue Shares pursuant to Section 75 and Section 76 of the Companies Act, 2016.

10. Proposed Renewal of Authority to Purchase Its Own Shares.

13. To continue in office for Tan Jiu See as Independent Director.

11. To continue in office for Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum as Independent Director.

12. To continue in office for Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah as Independent Director.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2017

#### Notes:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2. In the case of a corporate member, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be under its Common Seal or under the hand of its attorney.
- 3. Where a member appoints more than one proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his holdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 4. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 5. The instrument appointing the proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at No 36A, Lorong Gelugor, Off Persiaran Sultan Ibrahim, 41300 Klang, Selangor Darul Ehsan, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjournment thereof.
- 6. Only members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors as at 8 June 2017 will be entitled to attend and vote at the meeting.

STAMP

## A & M REALTY BERHAD (177214-H)

PHK Management Services Sdn. Bhd. (311416-X) 36A, Lorong Gelugor Off Persiaran Sultan Ibrahim 41300 Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan

# A & M REALTY BERHAD (177214-H)

10th Floor, Menara A & M, Garden Business Centre, No. 3, Jalan Istana, 41000 Klang, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

Tel : +603-3373 2888 Fax : +603-3372 8858 Website : www.amrealty.com.my